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"The Nation's Reading Habit"

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SEIGFRIED AND THE DRAGON

Themes of the Operas by Andre

THE hero Siegfried was left by his mother Siegmund with the dwarf Mime, when she died a fugitive in the forest. His father's magic sword Nothung had been shattered by Wotan's command for rebellion, but the youth learns that if it can be repaired he could wield it because he knows no fear. Haughtily he commands Mime, magician and blacksmith, to reforg the sword, and thus armed set forth to slay the dragon Fafner who guarded the omnipotent Ring made from the Rhinegold. The hero skillfully avoids the terrible lashings of Fafner's tail, and plunges his resolute sword into the monster's heart. Then Siegfried kills the malignant Mime and, inspired by the Ring, goes to find the lovely Brunhilde, condemned to sleep by Wotan for disrespect to the gods, until a fearless youth should awaken her.

Buzz Letters That Made Every Mailman Baffle

THE dim-foster craze seemed to be the last word in the ridiculous things people could do with the mails—but now it has been outdone by the greatest fall of all. Hungary's general post-office has long been famous for its staff of special workers. Their efforts make delivery of letters possible even when this is hampered by the most absurd and incomplete addresses. It's said that the department welcomes even detectives to its payroll because of the skill and ingenuity often needed to work out what the writer might have meant when he or she addressed a card or letter.

But this very skill at decoding addresses has given the department a reputation which proved its undoing. Officials have been forced to admit their inability to cope with a new craze that rapidly spread through Hungary and that had its beginning in the clever delivery of mail.

It began some months ago when Karoly Mihaly, a lawyer in the Hungarian town of Nagykoros, made a bit of a moment of vanity. He liked to boast that everybody in town knew him. To prove it on the same occasion, he suggested that letters would safely reach him even if the envelope had not a word of writing on it. With two friends to witness it, he went to Budapest and there had an artist do a caricature of him on an envelope. Below this face, which served as a "name," he asked the artist to draw a cucumber. Then he mailed the letter, with not another mark on it, but with the 20 fillers of stamps necessary for postage.

The alert post-office clerks of Budapest did a good and quick job on this strange letter. A cucumber on the envelope, they decided, could refer only to the famous cucumber-growing center of Hungary. The letter was sent to the cucumber-growing center of Hungary. The letter was sent to the cucumber-growing center of Hungary. The letter was sent to the cucumber-growing center of Hungary.

At last the Postmaster-General issued an order that the Country's Postmen and the Bureaucratic Clerks Puzze Out More Time Trying to Puzzle Out the Tricky Addresses.

Some of the funny letter went the rounds quickly and people laughed about it at the office hours. Soon others were trying the stunt. First only a few dozen, then by the hundreds. If one letter out of a thousand was delivered, it was so mislaid that a thousand persons more were spurred to send "picture letters" to their friends.

The practical joke was described in the newspapers, and then it was the topic of every conversation. It seemed to have no end. Some persons put a stamp on a photograph and sent it through the mails, with the town-name pictured or sketched on the back.

Clerks had to guess that an apricot stood for Keckenlet, the great apricot growing center, that a bottle of wine stood for Tokay, and that an onion could only represent Mako. A paprika was stamped, but these were constantly simple to puzzle out, for the drawings automatically conveyed up the names of the places intended. It was more difficult when the letters began in a very odd way, sending, for instance, a photograph taken in childhood but intended for the man its subject has grown up to be.

But patience and resourcefulness, the post-office delivered as many of these letters as it was able to. The department felt, indeed, a certain pride in being able to work out the clues.

Then came new obstacles to mail delivery. For instance, the picture of a house would be substituted for its street and number. Of course such a letter could be delivered only if the building had some unusual feature by which it might be recognized. One practical joker fashioned a crossword puzzle, complete with clues, which he put on the envelope instead of the address. When the mailman were able to fill in the squares with the right words, which they did with the help of a dictionary and an atlas, the letter was sent to be delivered. To be sure, the recipient of this unusual mail was delighted to receive it, but the post-office has built up collections of these odd letters and cards. It is said that they are even acquiring a value among stamp collectors.

But at last the post-office had to throw up the sponge and admit defeat. The Postmaster-General, tired of this abuse of his post-office time and patience, sent out an appeal. The clerks could not be expected to spend hours puzzling out addresses, he said. It was slowing down the efficiency of the organization and delaying much of the normal mail. The practical jokers, he suggested, had better send their puzzles to the newspapers to be published for the benefit of the reading public. But they should not pester the post-office with their playfulness. The foolish had was seriously slowing up the delivery of important business and social correspondence.

To put teeth into his appeal, the Postmaster-General announced that the post-office would no longer forward letters addressed in the novel fashion. Letters not conventionally addressed were to be burned together with their contents. So the amazing game started by the "cucumber letter" is over, and it is believed that more than one mailman is sorry to lose this form of diversion that made his monotonous job more exciting for a time.

The picture letter fad, entirely new, is still going strong. Some persons still disregard the department's instructions and send their stamps to send out cards whose pictures depict the intended instead of the source, as is customarily the case. If this were generally practiced, a postcard showing the Grand Canyon would be forwarded to the Grand Canyon no matter where mailed.

Kisses May Be the Cure for a Baffling Disease

"KISS the place and make it well," wrote Ann Taylor, a children's writer of the 18th Century. This popular use of this childhood play suggests still that a kiss can heal a small hurt.

But now there has appeared a fantastic variation of this belief in the form of a ravaging disease said to be sweeping remote parts of India and curable only by kissing and hugging. The violent fever, known as Daba-jwara to native medicine men, baffles Western doctors, yet the remedy was apparently known to the ancient ayurvedic physicians.

Several months ago, villagers came to an old hermit to help them cope with a strange new disease that was killing them off. Stunned in the face of Indian medicine, he recognized an ancestral malady in the symptoms of the new ailment. Knowing his classics, he prescribed a kiss, and after the general astonishment was replaced by excitement, his advice was found to be good.

Thus, in setting upon the "kissing cure," the primitive doctors of India are not being experimental. They are prescribing formulas that have the blessings of tradition. And apparently the cures work as well now as they did in centuries gone by. In ancient times, the fever was also known as the "kissing disease" because of the cure.

For reasons of their own, the medicine men have decided to keep the cure a secret. They declare that if the ailment is diagnosed by one who is not a member of the family, it can be halved by kisses from a stranger.

It is a disease from which a member of the family are not as effective, although they will do it in a pinch. But in the more advanced stages of the disease, kissing is not enough. Then the patient is hugged as explained in the following description by a popular Indian doctor.

In "Advanced Cases of the Strange Disease Only an Ardent Kiss and Warm Embrace by a Young and Beautiful Girl Seem to Have Any Effect on the Condition of the Prostrate Patient."

In "Advanced Cases," according to him, "the cure is not ordinary ocular or kissing but the clasping or deep embrace by a girl of prepossessing beauty and of full bloom of youth. The girl must come to the patient with fascinated ornaments and must be able to enthrall the mind. Without hesitation she should closely embrace the patient, although as soon as his passion is aroused in the mind of the sufferer, she should leave him at once and depart from his sight. This treatment is almost certain to arouse in the patient's mind a new desire to live with the result that he at once turns to the path of recovery."

The peculiar truth about this disease, from all reports, is that it seems confined to men. So quickly does it spread, however, that it can reach the proportions of an epidemic within 24 hours. This has created an unprecedented demand for girls, who must be strangers to be effective, as has been shown.

Another reason why there is a shortage of girls in dealing with the Daba-jwara fever is that one girl can apparently provide only one cure. At first it was supposed that the cure would be repeated every day, but practice has shown that this is not possible. The power of healing seems to go out of a girl after she has embraced a patient. That can be expected since it is stated that a really severe case may require a dozen or more kisses.

Of course, the prettier a girl is, the more effective her kisses, presumably because the passion to live can more easily be aroused by one who is physically beautiful.

But the Daba-jwara epidemic has proven to be a blessing for the medicine men. Not only have these local physicians taken the credit for the cure, but they have taken

charge of the distribution of the remedy. That is, no girl can assuage the fever of any man without the permission of the village medicine man, who must first collect his fee from the patient. Naturally, the fee varies according to the beauty of the girl provided for the cure.

The "herald" are not the only ones to profit, however. Kissing is a popular and lucrative crime in parts of India. The men who follow this racket are always on the lookout for new "markets" for their peculiar skill. The spread of the strange disease has been a piece of luck for them, and they are doing a rushing business.

Normally a kidnapped girl would be worth a small sum if sold to a man too old to win a mate any other way than by purchase. Now, with the fever, the girls have become literally a matter of life and death, and so the premium on kidnapped women has soared. They are taken from the village to the city, and kept hidden under the usual Muslim burqa or hooded dress. They show, either through fear or fatalism, an absolute obedience to their captors.

In the towns, with more or less secrecy, the stolen girls are offered to the highest bidder as a cure for the Daba-jwara fever. They are only rentals, and in no sense permanent. In the end, provided the epidemic subsides, the girls will be sold as brides.

Wearing gay clothes and ornaments, they hitch anywhere up to \$100 for an hour's hugging cure. If it takes longer than that, the charge is half of that for each hour. In some cases, in help almost hopeless patients, exotic perfume, at an extra charge, is provided. These girls are said to provide life to remain in anything can.

In other regions, kidnapped girls are not available. Then the local belles are drafted into service by the doctors or the commercial trade. The parents, guardians, or husbands of the girls get a "bribe" of the crowd and appear ready to help their suffering fellows in the endeavor.

Of course, the romantic affairs of young lovers who are jealous even of a kiss, have been most disturbed by the malady. Girls in love with young men of their own kind are torn away from them and forced to "treat" the fever-victims with their embraces. All that the jealous youths can do is helplessly bewail their fate and deplore the disease that causes misery even to those who do not suffer from it. There have been more forceful objections, however.

One surgeon, just in from Salyan, not far from the border of Tibet, is said to have avenged the "abduction" of his girl as a Daba-jwara nurse by stabbing to death all who recovered because of her kisses. Then he killed himself as well.

But for the most part, the forced lovers of their sweet-hearts have been permitted by the native youths with the typical fatalism of the East. In fact, the situation created by the fever strike them more often as amusing. For example, a curious situation arises when a man is ill but has a jealous wife. To be sure, she wants him cured, but usually she is so jealous that the kisses and the embraces are done in her presence. In that way she can make sure that her husband is not revived too much.

Why the natives are so satisfied with and believe that it works. To date, neither the origin nor the extent of the disease is known. The government, however, is doing its best to see that the cure is not practiced by those who have nothing to do with it, but who are glad for the chance to indulge themselves.

Beware of Fake Eye Doctors, Says an Old Man

ONE of the greatest threats of growing old is the fear of going blind. On this fear preys the world's "most infamous racket," details of which have now been announced by the post-office department of the Federal Government. For 20 years, it now appears, fake specialists have been enriching themselves by taking the last pennies of aged folk whose eyesight is failing.

Many arrests have been made in recent years in a renewed effort to stamp out these monstrous swindlers, but new victims keep turning up. "To be forewarned is to be forearmed," goes the saying, and so the government has now decided to fight the swindlers by broadcasting their technique so that people will not be tricked.

The "specialists" practice a variation of the old "confidence game," so called because the victim first has to have his or her suspicions lulled. This is generally done by flattery and an appearance of kindly interest on the part of the racketeer, who hides his intentions behind disarming words.

The "specialists" favor isolated farm houses, and they do so for a number of reasons. It is easier to get away if there is any trouble. Then, too, the people are less apt to have been a licensed optometrist lately. In addition, the aged people in these out-of-the-way places are often glad for somebody to talk to. As a result, they walk into the trap with open eyes, albeit with weak eyesight, and lose foresight.

The first swindler to visit one of these remote places is the "acout," who poses as an optometrist, usually a man with a hearty open manner and a persuasive tongue. He says he examines eyes and gives advice that his examination does not make any purchase necessary. It seems like a good chance to get "something for nothing," and so the victim finally consents. Or, if he has no doubt been worrying of late about "brakes" or "spots" in front of the eyes, the "spec" may be less effective than they used to, or the world may look less bright and too fuzzy. In short, here seems a good chance for a change from a man who seems to know his business, and who looks like

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Where Lightning Struck Twice--Two Not So and Times

"LIGHTNING never strikes twice in the same place," runs the proverb. But science has long ago found this to be a fallacy. It has often been shown that lightning does exactly this. It has even been known to make

South America has come upon a marvel in the desert of Bolivia, where all the indications seem to point to lightning striking the same spot about 1,000 times in the same locality. Apparently, by some freak of nature, all of the bolts were let loose at the same time instead of being spaced over a long period of time. In spite of the evidence of such a "super-storm" of the past, there are no thunder storms in this region now. The natives of the Kalahari desert do not remember electric storms, and indeed they would need a different kind of climate altogether to make possible such a storm as this one seems to have been.

Of course, lightning strikes very rarely among themselves, some being far more furious than others. But no single storm of such violence is known to have taken place since history began. The mysterious circumstances of the storm are lost in the mists of time, but not its record.

As if aware that the winds blow away superficial records, the event left its mark deep in the sands. Just as many a raindrop left a "track" in sand that turned to rock ages ago, so in this instance the bolts of lightning penetrated the sand, leaving deep furrows or "lightning tubes," like deep roads.

The discoverer of these glassy tubes, that honeycomb the sand is A. D. Lewin, who recently reported his fantastic discovery for the first time. He found that the tubes were found in some number before as they have in this southeast section of Kalahari desert. It was a storm on a stupendous scale, for the bolts appeared to have been leveled, from its extreme limits, a distance of eight miles.

Most of them were found as broken fragments in the hollows between the dunes. But five of them in this condition were excavated to the depth of eight feet, with

A few of the tubes were two inches wide at the mouth, and many seem to have developed "ridges" going out on each side at right angles from their base. The "lightning roots" also sometimes branched off and varied in thickness along their length.

The delicate and fragile tubes themselves lay, for many years if undisturbed. Thus they remain, like footprints of the sky's ancient storm that must have shattered the earth with repeated crashes such as could never take place now, what with the dry air discouraging rain.

The tubes were formed by the striking of lightning upon dry sand, causing the lines of the electricity to become "permanent" in the form of melted sand. The sipping in, in short, the "choking" of the lightning and created by its passage. It remains, like ash, to testify to earth's prehistoric and mysterious bombardment.

To the creatures that beheld this super-storm it must have seemed the end of the world. The fact that it took place at night, lightning itself provided are not easy to explain. That weather is uncertain in more than the daily sense. That is, not merely may it not rain tomorrow. It may never rain again. Just so abruptly does the desert seem to have lost its most ancient, perhaps some day, as abruptly will the rains be restored.

Like most of the features of deserts, these ancient, rude that the lightning itself provided are not easy to explain. But then, science is not even positive today about just what the lightning strikes in an electrical storm.

The Fake Doctor, With a Hearty, Sympathetic Manner and a Gift Tongue, Houdinizes the Old and the Poor. The Glasses He Provides Are Cheap and Usually, Worthless.

a "nice fellow" too. They are relieved to learn that a pair of glasses, very cheap, will do the trick and that he came just in time. Another month or it might have been too late. The glasses are designed to say, of a cheap type, and often of no benefit to the purchaser. Even when they seem to be helping things, they are probably doing more harm than good. As for the "nice man," he is usually without a license to operate, and is not competent to examine the eyes or to fit glasses. Of course, he sometimes carries forged or "dipping nail" testimonials.

The big profits of this "business" comes out from selling the spectacles as one might suppose, but from furnishing the names and addresses of his victims to those more advanced in his racket. He is paid one-fourth of whatever they manage to collect out of the victims he has deceived.

In due course, another car drives up in front of the "marked" victim's farmhouse. Two men are in it, and one then goes out and says far comes from the optical firm that manufactured the glasses which the aged man or woman bought some time ago. The glasses were guaranteed, he says blantly, and he has come to check on them without charge. He examines the glasses and the eyes, using impressive little flashlights and paraphernalia for the purpose. Then he takes on a worried look. He says there is a condition in the patient's eyes that he does not understand.

But, fortunately, he tells the frightened patient, these happen to be, by recent chance, a great doctor from a renowned institution sitting in his car, being given a lift to some nearby town or city. He is sure this great doctor will be glad to take an examination free of charge. Well, the victim may demur at first, but since it's free, usually consents in the end. The man who is called in from the car looks the part. He often wears an impressive beard and in Vietnamese style, in any case he has a weighty look. This man pretends to "examine" the eyes and it is hard enough to give out at last. He says it reluctantly, but feels the victim ought to know. There is a cancerous growth on the eye, he may say, or a cataract. The victim is finally persuaded to submit to an operation. This operation, the reassurance, is absolutely painless, being done with radium.

The only catch is that the "radium" necessary for the work is expensive. All the patient has to pay is the cost of the radium itself, and he or she is usually induced to do this without much trouble since the tricksters have proceeded this far. A few drops from a small vial are placed in the patient's eye, and the price is announced. If the victim does not protest too much, he or she can usually be said another few drops. The operation, this operation, is a simple. What the vial actually contains, and what is put into the eye, is ordinary eyewash.

There seems to be no limit to how far the heartless swindlers will go. They are said to have cost the public millions of dollars, yet they never seem to be satisfied. One father in Massachusetts was made to believe that his invalid daughter, a long-suffering invalid, who was blind, could be cured by "radium drops." The father demanded \$2,500 for the pretended operation, but all the father could give them was \$300. The swindlers in this case, arrested on State and Federal charges, are only two of many who have already been trapped, and it is hoped that the entire miserable racket will soon be wiped out.

No Wonder Grandma Needed a Limerick to Cheer Her Up

Even If Some Were a Bit Off-Color,
Poor Old Rich Madame Da Gama
Was Entitled to a Few
Laughs After Her Two
Sons Had Made Life a
Nightmare, Including
Eight Wives and
Three Suicides



But Morris, Sr., Had a Strange Sense of Humor, Too—Quite as Strange as His Son's Writing Off-Color Limericks to Grandma or Cheering Her Up With Equally Risque Stories. Finding His Apartment Besieged by an Army of Bill Collectors, He Had an Ambulance Call and Take Him to a Hospital as a "Critical Case." Grooming on a Stretcher, He Was Carried Through the Brevierers. It Was the Only Way He Could Have Gotten Away.

Ele Lane, the Ziegfeld Follies Girl Whom Morris, Senior, Married in 1926, and Who Leaped to Death from Her Apartment Window a Few Months After Her Divorce in 1929.

Did young Morris Roderick Voick Jr., whisper naughty limericks into the aged ear of his wealthy grandma, Madame Domitio Da Gama widow of the former Brazilian Ambassador? If so, is that why she has left the "naughty boy" \$1,000,000 at the same time dismembering her son, Adelbert Voick?

Adelbert thinks so and wants the will set aside on the grounds that Morris thereby used undue influence and that a nice, old grandmother must have been of unsound mind to have listened instead of slapping such an impudent person.

"We swapped some," admits Morris who is now 27 years old, "but wasn't she entitled to a few laughs after all the sorrows that were tossed her?"

If such heartache and headache justifies an old lady in hearing one "emphatic" limerick, young Morris could easily prove that this grandmother was entitled to a whole bookful, though most of the worst nightmares were inflicted on her by Morris' own father who was going to lead his sixth bride to the altar but got into the morgue.

Madame Da Gama's life would have been remarkable enough without the two "blessed events" which brought anything but blessings in their train. Born in Texas, Elizabeth Belle Bates moved to New York 30 years ago and got a job in a department store's large basement. Marriage to Albert Voick lifted her out of the cellar and into society for which she rewarded him by the presentation of two sons, the dismembered Adelbert George Voick and his younger brother, father of the alleged limerick troublemaker.

Before either boy was of age she divorced Voick and returned to department store activities, not in the bargain resuming this time but in the year he came as wife of Arthur A. Hearn, high department store executive. In 1924, Mr. Hearn had died to be replaced by Domitio Da Gama, former Brazilian Ambassador to the United States and like Mr. Hearn, a very rich man. Hardly more than a year later she was a widow again, retaining that way until her death last September, with plenty of excitement provided by her offspring.

While still a very young man, Adelbert, the older brother, made a serious

financial mistake in guessing that his mother was only bluffing when she threatened to disinherit him, he married May Ellen, a perfectly good chorus girl. His allowance was stopped but he is sure he would have come in for a nice slice in that had will made in 1934. If Morris Jr. hadn't crossed those reprehensible jingles in Madame Grandmother's ear, Adelbert has had to earn his bread ever since outliving his younger brother whose bread, also caviar and champagne had always been supplied by his fond mother.

Adelbert soon agreed that Mother was right about May Ellen and divorced her. Since that did not get him back on the Da Gama relief role, he married Lillian Baverstock without even trying to get the maternal consent. Lillian evened up the sex average in the family by presenting him with two daughters, Dorothy and Elizabeth Raine Voick and a divorce. In 1921 this Mr. Voick made one more try, marrying a 16-year-old girl, Edna Alexander, at Kingston, Jamaica.

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True his daughter Elizabeth, named happily after her wealthy grandma, removed herself from the line of inheritance by suicide in 1931, but it wasn't his fault. Elizabeth announced her engagement to marry Prince Johannes of Liechtenstein, but the Prince had other ideas and said the idea must have been due to his bad English or her bad German and did not come up to see her any more. Elizabeth was so humiliated that she successfully turned on the gas in her Sutton Place apartment.

But look what brother Morris Jr. had accomplished through starting later to see her any more. Elizabeth was so humiliated that she successfully turned on the gas in her Sutton Place apartment.

Madame Domitio Da Gama, Who, Her Son Claims, Couldn't Have Made a Perfectly Good Will Because Her Grandson Swapped Off-Colored Stories With Her and Sent Her Naughty Limericks.

Holmes and their marriage lasted seven years. Following the family tradition she presented her husband with two children and a divorce. The first was Morris Jr., grandmother's little pig collector, now 27 and his sister Elsie, now 23 who also collects handsomely in the will though not accused of helping her brother collect jingles.

Soon after the divorce she married Edwin Paul Wagner and in 1918, Morris married Mildred Louise Whitlandley, of Brooklyn, divorced wife of Kenneth Everett. In 1934 the score stood no children, many hits and errors and one run to Paris by Morris where he did the divorcing. The second Mrs. Morris Voick then did pretty well for herself by marrying in 1932, the second son of Prince Nicholas, German Ambassador to England at the outbreak of the World War, an important title in a wealthy family.

For variety Morris went down to his mother's native state of Texas to pick up his third bride, Margaret Cecount Ogden, daughter of a wealthy rancher. She died soon after their honeymoon. So far, perhaps remembering his brother's mistake, Morris had always managed to obtain his mother's blessing and approval for all wives in advance, but there was trouble on the next.

For a fourth wife he nominated Florida La Laine, daughter of Charles La Laine, New York corporation lawyer. Politicians hold up ammunition hammers of horror at corporation lawyers but Madame Da Gama, what she didn't like was the same defect she had seen in Adelbert's first wife, the theatrical element. The girl was also known as Flo Lane, of the Ziegfeld Follies.

Just for that Madame Da Gama forbade the banns and refused her son to England to have him introduced at the Court of St. James. Next to a

movie job in Hollywood, this is life's greatest thrill for a girl but for Morris it was only a pain in the neck and the ungrateful young man absconded, returning on the very next steamer. His Florida was waiting on the pier for him with the result that they were married a few hours later and something they managed to wangle a blessing from the mother.

"Now was that fair," Adelbert asks, "when I was cut off for marrying an actress and she was my very first wife instead of a fourth, like this one?"

Florida proceeded to bear him one child, Flo Voick, now ten years old, and Morris presumably would have donated the customary second one before the divorce but Morris broke up the continuity by rushing to Reno himself.

There, in 1929, just twenty minutes after this divorce, he married seventeen-year-old Lyle Van Aiken, a beautiful girl who gave up what looked like a brilliant career to be the fifth and last Mrs. Morris Voick. This chapter of his life had a surprise ending worthy of G. Henry at his best. Up to the last minute he had been paying court to Lyle's mother, who was his own age. This sudden switch was a mean trick on her trusting Maria, but a worse one on herself.

A few months later she read the disconcerting news that Florida, the fourth wife, had committed suicide by jumping from the window of her apartment in New York City.

Poor little Lyle was already repentant at leisure not under the circumstances could she very gracefully run home to mother. Her separation complaint is a pathetic story of sickness, operation and rough treatment from a husband who constantly overindulged in alcohol and brought strange women home to share their bed and board.

In her desperation the girl wife had what she thought was a bright idea. The only person her husband ever worried about was his mother, who kept him well supplied with funds. This, therefore, must be the one person in the world who could make him behave if she knew and Lyle took care of

money quick to marry a sixth wife. The old lady was against any more wives no matter who they might be, and against postponing the check writing.

But Morris Sr. had a strange sense of humor too—quite as strange as his son's writing off-colored limericks to a grandma, or cheering her up with equally risque stories. On one occasion in 1934 he found his apartment besieged by a small army of bill collectors and process servers who prevented him from getting out and running up more bills.

In this emergency he called up a private ambulance company and in a hysterical voice begged them to rush over and take his "friend Morris Voick" to the Polytechnic Hospital before it was too late. Then dropping the receiver to prevent embarrassing questions, he jumped into bed. The ambulance came and found Morris grinning and apparently in very bad shape. On a stretcher they carried him right through the ranks of the enemy and drove away with shrieking sirens.

But in the park, Morris had a miraculous recovery, explained the situation, and had them drive to his mother's apartment instead. There was nothing for that lady to do but pay the ambulance, return with

her son and place a rat check in the hand of each besieger. While she was doing this the landlord held out his hand for a couple of months' rent. But it was the last of those "jokes" Morris ever played on Madame Da Gama, because she immediately fled to Europe and was still there when he died.

Morris Jr., who with his sister, had been brought up by their grandmother ever since their parents' divorce, thought it would be a nice idea to run out to Hollywood and meet his new mother-in-law in a number five, but promptly ran into trouble. Young Morris, his father and Lyle drove to the Beach Club at Santa Monica, but the first time he danced with the new step-mother, napa vanished. They finally found him at home full of jealousy and prohibition liquor.

The elder Voick started to chatter with his wife with a monkey wrench, but the younger Voick told him that a gentleman should never make a wrench to a lady.

At this Voick, Sr. turned on Voick Jr., who regretfully found it necessary to seek his father-in-law a few. When Madame Da Gama heard this she rebuked her grandson, but he replied by asking what else he could have done to keep from having his skull cracked. The old lady evidently liked riddles as well as limericks because this time she got him back in her good graces again.

Morris Sr. became really hard up, drifting down to a Bowery "dop house" and was finally picked up in the gutter unconscious. At Bellevue Hospital he died of pneumonia and was not identified until he reached the morgue. His death and Lyle's both occurred in 1934.

Morris Voick, Jr. married Miss Peggy Schwartz, of New York, debutante daughter of Dr. H. J. Schwartz in 1931, and though she is said to be seeking her freedom, he has reached the comparatively advanced age of twenty-seven, with only one wife, which makes him a veritable Bourbon for conservation in that family.

Elizabeth Raine Voick, Adelbert's Daughter, Who Ended Her Life After Her Self-Announced, But Mythical Engagement to Prince Johannes of Liechtenstein.

Ele Lane, the Ziegfeld Follies Girl Whom Morris, Senior, Married in 1926, and Who Leaped to Death from Her Apartment Window a Few Months After Her Divorce in 1929.

Madame Domitio Da Gama, Who, Her Son Claims, Couldn't Have Made a Perfectly Good Will Because Her Grandson Swapped Off-Colored Stories With Her and Sent Her Naughty Limericks.

Florida La Laine, Daughter of Charles La Laine, New York Corporation Lawyer, Whom Morris Married in 1934.

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Branding Both The Bride and Her Baby



A Six-Month-Old Hindu Child About to Be Branded by the Guru, or Madhya Priest, Who Holds a Burning-Hot Silver Seal in His Hand. The Symbol Is Supposed to Protect the Youngster from Evil.



Another Close-Up of the Strange Branding Ceremony. This Time on a Six-Year-Old Relative of the Baby in the Other Picture. The Child, Supported by the Kindly Hands of Her Parents, Submits to the Torture With Stole Calm, and Will Be Branded Again When She Grows Up and Becomes a Bride. Then Additional Symbols Will Be Seared Into Her Flesh to Promote Marital Happiness and Financial Success.

IN this country christening is not much of an ordeal for youngsters—just a few words by the minister, a sprinkle of water on the head, and the job is done. In India a christening ceremony is something else again, as the pictures on this page show. Among the Madhyas, members of an "elegant" sect that is practically tops in India's caste system, christening is as painful as a splinter in the finger or having a tooth pulled.

It's an old Madhya custom to baptize the babies by branding them with burning-hot silver symbols, five to a victim, and there is no anesthetic used

to allay the suffering. The hot metal is brought down firmly onto the flesh of the child. The mother was "burned" when she was a baby, and had to go through it all again when she became a bride.

In the big picture above and at the right the branding ceremony is being performed on a six-year-old child who is taking the sharp discomfort of the branding with remarkable stoicism. She is a relation of the six-month-old infant shown in the smaller picture.

The helpless child, as might be expected, exhibited no such fortitude, but

put up a tuffy howl, while the Guru, as the priest who inflicts the torture is called, wisely stayed out of baby's reach. Baby's objections were in vain, however, the searing and permanent "scars" were put to the skin, one after another, by means of long metal rods.

The pious operation is done in a conventional manner, and according to precepts handed down by the founder, named Madhya, who started the sect in the Kanarose country in Western India about 600 years ago. In spite of its cruelty to children, the sect is supposed to owe its life to a wise and philosophi-

cal thinker. Perhaps he believed that the best way to avoid "turncoats" in his sect was to identify them with it so they could never hide their faith. The disconcerting absolutism has to have so many separate brandings because each one, in a different shape, signifies preservation from a different kind of sin. The most important one is the preserver from impiety, and this one makes the infant convert eternally a member of the Madhyas.

Their literally burning zeal usually is expressed at the house of the Guru. But sometimes he will come to the house of the devotee for the branding,

and this is a special concession. The coming of the Guru with his "hot rods" is a time for rejoicing in the household so favored. The mother enthusiastically tells the little one that a great event is in store for it.

A big parade brings the priest to the place. Even the house, as well as all who live in it, is rendered holy by his visit. His feet are there washed in hot water, and the "foot-wash" is

then sprinkled like holy water over all who are present. He who washes the Guru's feet has to pay a whole month's upkeep of the Guru's residence for the honor. The "best" people of India belong to the Madhyas now, and to bear its brands is a sign of importance.

Bird of a Cucumber

OLD MOTHER NATURE plays some queer pranks in the garden and the forest, but she outdid herself when she waxed whimsical on the cucumber shown in the photograph below. This remarkable freak grew on a vine in the backyard garden of Frank J. Bond, of Bellaire, New York, and it was the only "cuke" in the lot that was not of normal shape.

More often than not such abnormalities are just bulbous and lumpy monstrosities, but this one looks enough like a pigeon to be the work of a talented sculptor. The warty green hile of the vegetable grew just about the size of a pigeon and the same general shape. The head was about right too, and boasted a sharp beak and most remarkable of all, the suggestion of an eye.

Needless to say, this extraordinary cucumber was not peeled, sliced and served on the Bond table. It was carefully saved for it is one of the most "sculptural" freaks of nature that ever came out of a garden.



The Pup and the Parrot Who Stole the Show Recently at London Zoo. Crows Had Come There to See the Caged Animals, but When the Polly and the Dog Began Making Friends and Cuddling About, the Strange Pairship Diverted Even the Inevitable Photographers Who Go to the Zoo Weekly for Their Grist.

Much Abused Starling of Some Good Use at Last

THE Starling, in spite of its pleasing name and its beautiful coloring, has been regarded in this country, during the past several years, as an undesirable alien. Since the species, common in Europe and Asia, was introduced into this country 45 years ago, it has increased nightly in numbers and acquired the reputation of a pest, chiefly because of its habit of befouling buildings. Hundreds of thousands of the birds have been killed during the past few years.

But the scientists of Uncle Sam's Biological Survey, while not giving the starling a clean bill of health, have discovered that the bird has much to recommend it because it likes to eat the pestiferous Japanese Beetle, which has been gradually spreading over the country and annually gobbling up millions of dollars worth of foliage.

The starling, it seems, is very much on the side of the forces waging war on the beetle.

In one area an investigation showed that the crops of dead starlings were well filled with the grubs of the beetle and in certain parts of the country the supposedly useless birds seemed to

live on an exclusive diet of the pest from the Orient. A selected plot, where the beetle and other insect pests were thick, was turned over to a flock of starlings and the birds reduced the grubs of the beetle from 100 per square foot to half a dozen grubs per square foot. This bit of research alone was enough to convince the experts of the Biological Survey that the starling is not as bad as it seems and may come in very handy in fighting one of the worst pests that has established itself on this continent in many a year.

The starling is about the size of the thrush and has black feathers beautifully

touched with purple, green and steel-blue. It eats certain forms of vegetation as well as insects and worms and has become a troublesome problem in England and other European countries where it is put down as an injurious species and is not protected by law as are the robins and other birds that enjoy good reputations. In the Autumn, just before the time for the annual migration South, the starlings gather in enormous flocks, which, of late years, have made some of the biggest and finest buildings in the British Capital their roosting places. By the time the birds depart the buildings are ready for the cleaners.

Another count against the starlings, which at last have proved that they are not entirely bad—is that the young are extremely "talkative" and a flock of them can make as much noise as much noise as the delegates at a political convention.

The London Anti-Noise Commission has listed the starling as a public enemy which ought to be exterminated to help relieve the nerve-wrecking din of the largest city in the world.

The starling was sent to the Royal Ontario Museum of Zoology, the naturalists had come to the conclusion that this is a fake too, and that some prankster with remarkable surgical skill is catching the birdcock operating on them in some dissecting laboratory and tossing them back in the sea to confound those who catch them.

So This Is Freedom!

IN this troubled day and age when millions of people are wondering what freedom is and whether they ever will enjoy that boon to the body and the spirit, it is interesting to see anyone's version of that happy condition. The photograph below shows one phase of a dance which the lithe young disciple of Terpsichore calls "Freedom," and she certainly doesn't seem to be hampered not even by the immutable laws of gravity. The open-air stage for her dance is the beach at Ramsgate, England, where many professional dancers spend their vacations perfecting their art.

The young woman with the tambourine was shy about giving her name, but she admitted that the inspiration in her dance was a physical culture society anxious to entice new members.



"Freedom" Is the Name of This Interpretative Dance, Which Amused Visitors at Peggoff Bay, Ramsgate, England, When an Anonymous Artist Was Sent There. The Freedom She Depicts Consists of Her Leaping Away From the Earth. That's How She Explained It, and the Stunt Was Merely a Bit of Free Agency for a Physical Culture Society.



A Cucumber and Not a Bird This Is This Object. It Was Grown in the Backyard of Frank J. Bond, of Bellaire, New York. It Probably Will Be Placed in a Museum.

Heroically Sensible Miss Marcy

Yielding to Protect Her Students From the Campus Prowler, the Quick-Witted Seminary Teacher Might Have Kept Her Ordeal a Secret, but She Pretended to Be Fascinated and Made a Tryst Which Was Kept by a Policeman Dressed in Her Clothes



Miss Mildred Marcy, Northfield Seminary's Mathematics Teacher, Whose Quick Thinking and Self-Sacrifice Trapped Her Assailant Quickly Into the Hands of the Law and Sent Him to Prison for Life.



Dressed in Miss Marcy's Clothes, Trooper McCarthy Leaped on the Running Board and Then Saw the Man in the Automobile Had a Gun. Instead of Using It, He Started the Car, and as McCarthy, His Big Brother, Hung on, Trooper Nance Broke from His Confinement and Shot at the Trees, Panicking Them and the Gasoline Tank.

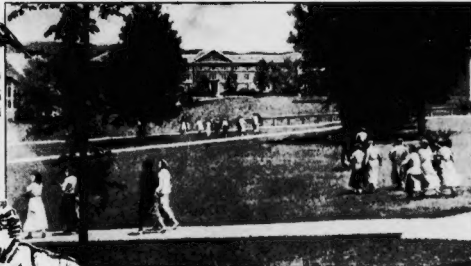
It was a tense moment for McCarthy, but without waiting to get his gun free he leaped for the running board just as the man stepped on the gas.

Off sped the car. McCarthy clinging precariously with one hand and fumbling for his gun with the other. Both officers were in a bad spot because the man might not be the one they wanted and would be justified in thinking it a holdup. No one, one of the best shots on the force, took quick aim. He must not hit the driver nor his brother officer with fluttering skirts on the running board. With five shots he punctured both rear tires and the gas tank, bringing the car to a stop 200 yards away. This freed both McCarthy's hands with which he immediately tore the bottom of his dress wide open, pulled out the gun and pointed it at his prisoner.

Taken to Shelburne Falls Barracks, the captive identified himself as Clifford Eugene Monroe, Jr., 22 years old, of Winchester, N. H., where he lived with his father and two sisters. Monroe denied all knowledge of the attack until confronted by Miss Marcy. Then, even before she identified him, he confessed.

It was a heart-break for his father, a telephone company official who received the Theodore N. Vail medal for heroism in 1908 for making his life during the flood of the Amoset River. Monroe, Jr., has just been sentenced to life imprisonment and the girls of the seminary are safe unless he is paroled in a few years.

Nor long ago attention was attracted to Northfield by the unsolved murder of Dr. Spreer, headmaster of the boys' school. Then May E. Barnard, 17, drowned mysteriously in the swimming pool and the *cashier* of the boys' department accused the dean of threatening to kill him.



Campus of the Seminary, Where Monroe First Appeared, and Which Might Have Become His Regular Hunting Ground But for Miss Marcy's Heroically Sensible Action.



Michael McCarthy, Trooper's Dream Foe, Wounded and Brought About His Capture.

happened never get another? She had everything to lose and nothing to gain by revealing it as long as she lived.

The man was impressed. He could not imagine anyone making a sacrifice of any sort unless it could not be avoided. Also the girl really meant what she said for she knew as she spoke that it was the sensible thing to do and what she would do, if he only would let her live. He lowered the gun, he was convinced, she was safe. Then the situation abruptly changed again. His lips curled as he sneered.

"Yes, I guess most any girl will keep her mouth shut."

Instantly the thought of the 340 student girls, aged 15 to 18, of the seminary, any one of them an easy victim for this beast, now up in her mind and she decided then and there to tell, cost what it might. Those children had been entrusted to the faculty of the seminary to protect. She was one of the faculty, the youngest, but the whole duty of protecting them had been thrust upon her. Yet to tell would not be enough, she must lead the police to the man.

How was this to be done? To ask his name or even where he lived would instantly reveal his suspicions and send a bullet through her brain. That busy brain remembered reading that criminals are childishly vain and this must be the weak spot to work on. She flattered him by adroit suggestions of awe at his daring and materialities. What a man he must be! The man expanded his chest, boasted rather sketchily of his conquests but revealed nothing that would be useful in tracking him down.

The girl had to go further and do a remarkable bit of acting. Hating and despising him, she had to make him believe that, in spite of what he had done to her, she was fascinated by him until finally the vain fool made a date to meet her the following evening. With

Life Imprisonment Was the Just Punishment Imposed on Clifford Monroe, Jr. Even Though He Promptly Confessed His Guilt.

lating white rage and fear of death struggled within her. There as it supposed to happen to drowning people, her whole life passed before her eyes. She had spent her savings on her education and now she was almost their only support. Should the end of it all be the finding of her body in the woods, perhaps to become another unsolved Northfield murder? No, the sensible thing was to obey.

After she had taken everything off the man with gun made her get into the back seat and then he followed. At last the ordeal appeared to be over and she was permitted to put on her clothes, but it was not over. As she dressed she kept looking at him, clutching his face in her memory forever and he seemed to know it. Suddenly putting the gun to her forehead he talked again in that same hoarse whisper.

"I don't think I'll let you return because if I do you might squeak. I think I will kill you."

So, having made the sacrifice, she was to be killed after all. Miss Marcy frantically pleaded and argued and she told him she was the only support of her family but this did not interest him. She might still be that and still "squeak" on him. She told him he didn't want to have the crime of murder to answer for but he didn't seem to see the logic of it. If he killed her there was a good chance he might never be suspected but if he let her live to tell, he probably would and the punishment for what he had already done was life imprisonment.

The man had superior strength and a gun, also a certain amount of brute cunning. Against this Miss Marcy had only the superior brains of a girl who had been able to graduate from college with honors and those brains now rose to the occasion. She saw the only line of reasoning that would appeal and hastily advanced it, in a quick series of questions.

"Why didn't she want to tell anyone?" Did he suppose she wanted the whole world to know of her shame and to have to tell it all on the witness stand while the defense lawyer would try to make her out a disreputable woman? Couldn't he see that she would lose her teaching job and per-

TAKE off all your clothes, or else."

Facing just about as dreadful a situation as a virtuous young woman could imagine, Miss Mildred Marcy, graduate of Wellesley College, sensibly yielded the necessary sacrifice to save her own life, but she might have kept the outrage and humiliation a secret to the end of her days.

Instead, she thought of the 340 girls, 15 to 18 years old in the seminary at Northfield, Massachusetts, where the attack occurred, and made up her mind to save them from a similar fate. So this brave mathematics teacher, 25 years old, managed to convince the warped mind of her assailant that he had fascinated her. She made a date with the brute for the following evening, but it was kept by a policeman, dressed in her clothes, the very one the criminal had forced her to take off.

No girl could have deserved such a misfortune less than this one. If fate had selected any of the "heavy petters" who are becoming common figures on many a campus, it would have mattered little. But fate knew what it was doing in picking on this nice, modest, shy victim because she is perhaps one girl in a million with the courage and character of a heroine.

"When the Lord loveth he chasteneth."

The famous evangelist, Dwight L. Moody, founder of the school at Northfield, would have recalled that New Testament quotation and pointed Miss Marcy out as proof that the Almighty does not impose heavier trials than a person has strength to bear.

Miss Marcy, whose home is in Newton Upper Falls, Massachusetts, graduated with high honors from Wellesley in 1932, and taught school around Boston for a while. Two years ago she was called to fill a vacancy in the mathematics department of the Northfield Seminary. Pretty but reticent and shy, she was not very well known to other members of the faculty but she was much liked by the girls who attended her classes. It was this popularity which brought an invitation from several girls living in a dormitory called Moore Cottage to visit them one night recently.

The teacher arrived soon after dinner, tutored a few of the girls part of the time and played bridge a while with others. At 9:45 she made her youthful friends goodnight, walked to her car, parked in front of the dormitory, got in, and was just inserting the key to the ignition switch when a strange man loomed out of the darkness. Pointing a gun at her, he said:

"Don't speak a word and leave me get in that car."

Frightened, Miss Marcy did not know what the man's purpose was. If it was robbery, she had little in the way of money or jewelry. Perhaps he was a thief or other fugitive from the police and wanted only transportation. Various possibilities ran through her mind but she was quite sure of one thing: The fellow meant business and it might be fatal to refuse. Before she had time to think of an answer, he slipped in beside her, pressed the muzzle of the gun against her side and in a hoarse whisper, spoke again:

"To exactly as I tell you."

The girl had the choice of obeying or of calling his bluff, if it was one. In her judgment it was not a bluff and considering what followed, she seems to have been right. She started the car and followed the would-be assailant until he finally had her stop in a wooded section of Northfield about two miles from the Moore Cottage.

"Now," he commanded, "take off every stitch of your clothing, or else."

This left no doubt in the girl's mind as to what was coming. She had the choice of obeying or dying in defense of her honor. For an instant she looked at the muzzle of the gun, hesi-

"Go right across lady
..you're taking home
a lot of *pleasure*"



*Chesterfields
for Christmas*
..they'll give
more pleasure

Apes Humiliated By Their Relationship to Man?

Professor Hooton, of Harvard, Says If They Aren't They Ought to Be, Because Man Is a Sorry Animal Rapidly Making Himself a Worse One and Is Headed for Extinction Unless He Reforms

MAN is a tottering biped with a brilliant past and a dark future. For seven million years he improved himself, but 25,000 years ago all improvement stopped and he started going down-hill. As a gadget-manufacturing animal man is magnificent, but he is an economic fool who doesn't know how to use his gadgets wisely. If marriages were made in factories, he would not be selling his biological birthright for a meas of money. However, mankind may still escape extinction if it can prevent its brain from going the way of its teeth.

In brief, this is the opinion of Dr. Ernest Albert Hooton, Professor of Anthropology at Harvard University set forth in "Apes, Men, and Monkeys," published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York, one of the most readable scientific books ever written.

Professor Hooton begins with what might be called an ape's-eye view of human evolution and starts out with an apology for man. This he admits, will be a shock to most people who consider that man was made in the image of the Creator or that he is a self-made animal and a beautiful job. But from most any angle his ape cousin looks at him. Homo Sapiens is either a pathetic or ridiculous figure.

Fortunately, the most shocking defect is corrected from the apes by the fact that hunters and visitors to the zoo have the decency to wear clothes. What hairy bight robbed man's ancestors of the primate's natural furry protection of his tender skin against cuts and bruises, as well as the active rays of the sun, may never be known. Yet, as if to add insult to injury, mocking nature left a few bunches in, ridiculous and inappropriate places, such as the face where it is a nuisance and the top of the head, the one spot where it is least needed because the brain is encased in a light-proof, bony box.

Women have been exempt from this facial nuisance but men, through the ages, have been cutting it down with all sorts of inventions from a sharp flint flake to an electric face mower. The theory was never advanced that Nature had made men naked so insect parasites could not live on him. Unfortunately, just enough was left to accommodate cooties and others as every soldier can testify. Also just enough was left on a large number of feminine legs to do them no good but infuriate their owners.

Altogether man's nakedness is such an awful sight as to be undesirable to all but a few savages, nudists and perhaps one or two other low forms of life, such as the hairless Mexican dog. Man's flat, snoutless face, flat chest, protruding stomach, long hind legs and short arms flapping back and forth as he walks or runs but never touching the ground, all look like ridiculous signs of degeneration to the ape, and Dr. Hooton apologizes for them. The mystery of nakedness is not man's fault because even now he does not know how to get rid of her permanently.

The rest of his freak appearance came from a heroic decision made by some sort of ape-like ancestor who chose the hard path upward to humanity by walking on his hind legs. This Professor Hooton believes happened about seven million years ago, many times more than some scientists are willing to agree. They seem to have committed themselves early by guessing too late a date and now they are stuck with it.

As soon as that first anthropoid started walking on his short, hind legs, several things had to start happening. Those short legs had to grow longer

and the arms shorter if for no other reason than to keep him from stepping on his trailing fingers. His prehensile hind feet, writhed into knives to stand on had to be converted into some sort of pedestal and are still giving him plenty of trouble. It was the hand that developed the brain, that caved in the face, wrecked the snout, and ruined the teeth.

The balloon who spends much of his time on the ground, has as fine a snout as the dog, because he still runs on all fours and uses his mouth for fighting, tearing, husks from vegetables and the other miscellaneous work a dog uses his teeth for. Man turned all that work over to his hands, which cracked a nut with a stone and an enemy's head with a club, leaving the mouth little to do but chew and swallow the food found and prepared by hands.

These prying, experimenting, hand-kept making discoveries which caused a vigorous growth of the cerebral cortex, where simple discoveries are associated with ideas that call for further experiments, resulting in more discoveries. This experimenting and active brain, as Dr. Hooton says:

"Finds more mischief still for idle hands to do."

In interesting detail the history of the bulging brain, the collapsing snout and the degenerating teeth are traced down the ages, as revealed by fossil fragments. There was the finding of *Southropius Dawoodi*, a full-blown human brain, with an almost complete chimpanzee jaw.

Perhaps more surprising is the Rhodesian Man, found deep in a zinc mine. This ancient man, born hundreds of years before the first dentist, still had the projecting brow ridges of a gorilla together with the largest pale skin and the worst teeth of antiquity. All his teeth were decayed, he had been ridden with pyorrhea which had eaten his teeth sockets away and he even had an abscessed condition of the mastoid region which drained right out through the bone.

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An Old Drawing by the English Artist Cruikshank Which Aptly Illustrates One of the Points in Professor Hooton's Interesting Book, "Apes, Men and Monkeys." Back Almost a Hundred Years Ago the Satiric English Artist Recognized How Queer Man Must Look to Monkeys. He Titled the Picture—"Monster Discovered by the Orang-utans."



One of the Ways Humanity Is Committing Suicide, Professor Hooton Points Out, Is by Modern Warfare Which Kills Off the Best Men and Leaves the Human Seconds Home to Do the Propagating.



Liberated Murderers, Thieves and Other Convicted Felons. No Animal Society Tolerates the Outlaw.

Man (and woman) not only talk when they have little or no message, but by straining human inventiveness have managed, by reason to be heard clear around the world. The ape might ask, "Who uses this great discovery mostly?" Some scientist to announce a discovery for saving lives. He would have to be told. No, that it was usually a crooner.

The apes, on hearing this, might be pardoned for denying evolution, or at least human relationship, and Dr. Hooton wonders on what babbling anthropoid science will finally pin human descent. He discusses the various suspects, including a recent little fellow, called Tarsus, an infant prodigy of the primates. He says that Tarsus is demanding attention to the laughter of the audience because it tended to sit up straight in the trees and use its hands a lot. But did Tarsus come down? That is the all-important question because, as the author says:

"Man, like Zacharias, owes his importance to the fact that, having climbed a tree, he straightaway came down."

The ground was a dangerous place 7,000,000 years ago for a single-footed being should have kept his degenerating mouth closed. But talk developed into a deadly weapon which Dr. Hooton thinks may have killed more people than bullets and has been used with fatal effect in historic times. He points out that the first thing conquering race does is to impose its language on the conquered who thus are at a disadvantage in talking back.

It makes the lives of the oppressed still more wretched and reduces their will to survive and propagate. The Professor is not sure that Homo Sapiens did not talk the Neanderthal man to death because it is hard to account for his extinction by any other

means. Neanderthal was there first and though of more brutish cast of countenance, he had as large a brain. Possibly Homo Sapiens had better weapons, but not much better. There was no such distinction as between those of the Italians and the nations of Ethiopia or the American Colonists and the Indians.

Man developed that huge brain when he had to think out everything for himself and to guess wrong meant a violent death for him and starvation for his wife and children. Speech relieved him of some of this brain work but not enough to stunt his mental growth. Early wars were of short duration and though the half the lame, the blind and the stupid stayed home and tended to propagate, that was more than offset by the victors' love-making privileges among the conquered. Modern wars, however, does not increase every-one's expectation of life, has vastly increased the number of unproductive persons at both ends of the span. Boys and girls are now maintained, the author says, "as human parasites for the first two decades or more of their lives. The situation of the young man who could not marry his girl because they could not live with her folks because her folks were still living with their folks, would not arise in a civilized society."

While being supported, boys and girls are supposed to be getting an education. Unfortunately, whatever they do learn, they teach them to think, as proved by the alarming success of today's demagogues.

State and private charity take tender care of the unfit, making it possible for them to produce large litters of still more unfit children, all at the expense of the rapidly diminishing number of fit who under the burden of taxation tend to have less and less children of their own. Dr. Hooton remarks:

"I should point out, here, at each Christmas season, our wise and noble governors bestow upon their happy states the precious gift of a parcel of liberated convicts, thieves and other convicted felons. No animal society tolerates the outlaw. The anti-social animal is killed or driven out."

It is in connection with this petting of criminals and pampering of the unfit, that Dr. Hooton says:

"Modern man is selling his biological birthright for a mess of morons and though the voices may be the voice of democracy, the hands are the hands of the apes."

"I think," writes Dr. Hooton, "that a biological purge is the essential prerequisite of a social and spiritual salvation. We must, in some way, encourage a sit-down reproductive strike of the born breeding among the morons, criminals and social ineffectuals of our population. Probably compulsory sterilization alone would serve in the case of the moron and the mentally deficient, but it is very difficult to enforce such a measure in a democracy, unless it be first through an educational campaign which has reached all the teachable and actually are at a disadvantage in talking back."

Probably the only effective method would be to establish in our secondary schools and colleges courses of applied human biology which would disseminate knowledge of the facts of heredity, and the relation of man's organism to his behavior."

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BUICK SPECIAL, two-door sport sedan, delivering at Flint, Mich., at \$981, complete with standard accessories. White sidewall tires and special accessories extra.

Take the Wheel—and let the new DYNAFLASH ENGINE and TORQUE-FREE SPRINGING show you why the 1938 Buick is the Most Modern Chassis in the World!

SO you think that automotive design has hit a flat spot and is just tinkering along . . . —and that some clever face-lifting is about all the changes for the new year amount to . . . —and that, what with traffic and all, the “kick” is pretty much gone out of driving . . .

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Here—handle it yourself! Touch off that new DYNAFLASH engine with your own right toe, and

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Buick dealers now have a few of these late-model Buicks that have been turned in on 1938 cars. They're offering them at non-profit prices that make them better values than some new cars!

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A GENERAL MOTORS VALUE

"BETTER BUY BUICK!"

**EXCITING
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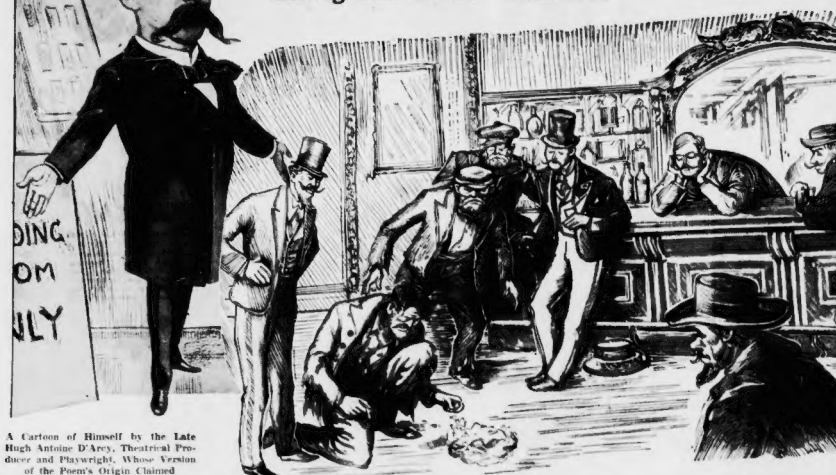
Utterly new—utterly different! And your car not only travels with a new fluid suppleness, but skid-risks are reduced, handling is surer, rear travel longer, upkeep is simpler and cheaper. Overide on TORQUE-FREE SPRINGING—and you'll refuse any car without it!

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Smooth as marble under silk, this new DYNAFLASH engine actually gets more speed out of every drop of gasoline! The secret? "Cyclompression!" Higher compression without knock—plus torque balance in the fuel charge! Each spark actually sets off a tiny cyclone! Try Buick and feel the difference!

Who Did Write "The Face on the Barroom Floor"?

Nobody Seems Able to Settle Whether the Tearful American Saloon Classic Is Having Its 65th Anniversary, or Merely Its 50th, But Here Are the Versions of Its "Origin" by BOTH Its Living and Dead "Authors"



A Cartoon of Himself by the Late Hugh Antoine D'Arcy, Theatrical Producer and Playwright, Whose Version of the Poem's Origin Claimed It as His Own.

PROBABLY no other sentimental ballad ever written in this country has been recited so many times, or caused so many listeners to feel lumps rise up in their throats—many of them thirty years—as that fine old American classic, "The Face on the Barroom Floor." A great favorite in the Gay Nineties, it was later used as Prohibition propaganda, and no doubt was a big help in the early days of that movement.

Yet the question of who wrote it is a literary mystery that keeps cropping up, and just the other day the controversy over its origin was stirred up again by the announcement that the sixty-fifth anniversary of its publication was being celebrated in New York City with its author, Mr. John Henry Titus, as guest of honor.

Mr. Titus is now ninety-one years old and, according to one school of thought, there is no doubt whatever that he wrote the original version and published it in 1872. But there is an equally insistent little group of historians who would deny him the credit and give it to the late Mr. Hugh Antoine D'Arcy, a playwright and theatrical manager, whose version was apparently first published in 1887.

During the past fifty years, any number of people have come forward with the claim that they not only wrote the popular ballad, but got their inspiration from actually seeing a drunken artist draw a portrait of his last sweetheart on a barroom floor, falling across it dead, just as he added the last touch. But none of them had anything much to back up his claim, and the field now seems to be narrowed down to Mr. Titus and Mr. D'Arcy each of whom has a lot in his favor.

Right up to the year of his death in 1925, at the age of eighty-three, Mr. D'Arcy stoutly maintained that the poem was his and his alone. One of his most convincing methods of trying to prove his point was to tell how he happened to write it and then recite it, often with tears in his eyes. On top of that, he backed up his claim by having his version copyrighted four different times.

Mr. Titus has also sought to prove the validity of his version by describing the incident that inspired it, and reciting it practically any time and anywhere he could get somebody to listen. In fact, he has just completed a 5,000-mile automobile tour of the country, with a trailer and a wife who is fifty years his junior, making a study of the new type of drinking places that have sprung up since Prohibition, and giving dramatic recitals of his poem, with gestures.

As can be seen from the photographs on this page, showing two of the high points in his graphic presentation, he is undoubtedly an exceptionally talented storyteller of the old school. And if his emotional portrayal can be accepted as proof of the validity of his claim, then his particular version really must be the original one.

The puzzling question of who really created this poem was once even tried out in court, but the judge was simply unable to settle it. This was about four years after Mr. D'Arcy's death, and while Mr. Titus had no ill feeling toward his rival, he did want some official recognition of the authenticity of his version. So he asked a New York judge to hand down a ruling. The judge was very sympathetic, but after listening to the story, he threw the case out of court on the grounds that

Hardly a Barroom Escaped at Least Several Recitations of the Ballad a Week During the 1890's—A Quaint Old Print of the Original Episode (Whenever That Was) Just Before the Heart-broken Artist Dropped Dead.



The Picturesque Tavern in Jefferson, Ohio, Birthplace of Mr. Titus, and He Claims, the Scene of the Human Drama That Inspired His Verses.

there was no legal proof, one way or the other. However, he found the story so moving he proceeded to take up a collection in court, turning over \$34.75 to Mr. Titus, the poet could pay his room rent, which was overdue.

One of the most interesting things about this odd situation is the stubborn way the public missed up Mr. Titus' title with Mr. D'Arcy's wording, in a somewhat half-hearted manner. Almost everyone who recited the poem stuck pretty close to Mr. D'Arcy's version, but repeated his title, which was "The Face Upon the Floor." The general impression seems to have been that Mr. Titus had him beat a mile with "The Face on the Barroom Floor." So that title was almost always used, even when Mr. D'Arcy's lines were spoken.

In time, Mr. Titus' title perhaps became even more famous than the ballad itself. People who did not know the words and had only a vague idea of the story were familiar with his title, and used it. All of this used to make D'Arcy so mad he could just about bite a ten-penny nail in two.

Great minds often work in the same channel, and that may explain why these two poets happened to tackle the same theme. At different times, about twenty years apart, and in different cities—Mr. Titus in Jefferson, Ohio, and Mr. D'Arcy in New York City—no doubt they saw similar incidents. Right away each was struck by his own individual inspiration, like a private bolt of lightning, and wrote his version, each telling practically the same story.

But this does not explain how they happened to use the same names for

the principal characters, or why in a number of spots they used almost identical wording. Mr. D'Arcy begins his ballad with these well-known lines: "Twas a balmy summer evening, and a goosy crowd was there, Which well-nigh filled Joe's barroom on the corner of the square; And as songs and witty stories came through the open door A vagabond crept slowly in and posed upon the floor."

But being more poetic, Mr. Titus has given his ballad a somewhat stranger literary flavor, and he opens up with these lines:

"'Tis the pine in sombre lay 'Twas a balmy autumn night and a goosy lot was there That 'swore Joe's barroom as Court on the square; And as song in wit as story ekes of oaken door A vagabond crept lowly in anskan upon the floor."

"...so ashen always as sun afloat, and claret as volunteer-chor or person." Mr. Titus Looks Back to His Birthplace, as He Draws Each Verse From His Store of Memories.

Evidently something of a mystic with a highly developed creative instinct, Mr. Titus does not hesitate to create a new word when he cannot find an old one to express what he has in mind. This is why the above lines are somewhat mystifying and call for an explanation. It seems curious that he should speak of a "pine" being "tastin'" in a barroom, but this is simply a literary allusion, or reference to the name of the barroom where he says the episode took place, the Old Pine Tree Tavern in Jefferson.

It was not, however, a "balmy" night but a "bar-my" one, and, according to Mr. Titus that means sultry or oppressive, and indicates that a storm was brewing. Furthermore, he does not make his group a "goosy" or large one, but a "golly" or, as he explains it, self-righteous lot. This happened, says Mr. Titus, not long after the court house had burned down and the rooms facing the balcony that overlooked the tavern taproom were used for holding court, hence his obscure reference to something "that 'versus' Joe's barroom as Court on the square."

Some readers may stumble over the word "askan," so just in case they do trip up, Mr. Titus has explained that it means that the vagabond was surprised because no one recognized him, since he had been there a lot of times before for the unfeeling sweetheart made a bum out of him.

The next verse, as copyrighted by Mr. D'Arcy, runs like this:

"Where did it come from?" some one said. The wind has blown in." "What does it want?" another cried. "Some whiskey, rum or gin." "Here, Toby, aim it if you

"...fetch the chair you mark the whiskey round and see... her face in fancy on the barroom floor"—Mr. John Henry Titus Re-enacts the Dramatic Episode Which He Says Inspired Him to Write the Poem.

stomach's equal to the work— I wouldn't touch him with a fork, he's filthy as a Turk."

Mr. Titus, however, covers this same situation with these more or less impressive lines:

"Ha, where's it from? Wind as blown it in. What does it want? (another) whiskey! rum or gin?"

See, Toby! s'el Joe's can do the work. I wouldn't touch it with a fork, it's fetid as a Turk!"

Mr. Titus has not explained how the dog got into his verse and why it happened to be named Toby, so curiously similar to the Toby of Mr. D'Arcy's version. His account of the incident that inspired him is as follows:

"About the time I was born the owner of the Tavern was Tom Thompson, who had a beautiful daughter, Magdalene. Two local boys, Joe Farley and Bob Deaton, fell in love with her. Magdalene did not seem to care for either of them, and each blamed the other for stealing the girl's heart. It came to the point where Bob threatened to kill Joe. Joe finally posed the dog rush to California. Shortly afterwards Bob also left town, but he went in the opposite direction. He left for New York, where he became an artist. Meanwhile Magdalene married another man."

Joe returned in a few years and became the bartender in the Old Pine Tavern. One autumn night in the late Sixties, while the bar was crowded with people, the heavy door opened and in staggered a man in tatters. No one recognized him until he himself revealed his identity. It was Bob.

"Joe, when he learned who the vagabond was, left the bar and disappeared. He still feared that Bob came to kill him. Bob in the meantime had a few drinks and then told the story of his tragic life. The whole town knew the story but everyone in the bar listened attentively, I among them. Then Bob suddenly knelt on the floor and drew Magdalene's image on it. No sooner had he finished the drawing than he collapsed. He died the next day."

Inspired by this melodramatic situation, young Titus wrote his verses, which he says were first published in

the Ohio Sentinel in 1872. If he could produce a copy of the paper, that would settle the controversy once and for all, of course. But he has no copy of the paper. Unfortunately the file of the old Sentinel went up in smoke in 1906 during a fire that almost destroyed the whole business section of Jefferson.

Equally as mystifying as Mr. Titus' failure to explain where he got the idea for a dog named Toby is Mr. D'Arcy's use of the name Magdalene for his faithless heroine—a name that so closely resembles the rival poet's Magdalene. Mr. D'Arcy has described the incident that inspired him as follows: "It happened back in 1887 when the theatrical center of New York was on Union Square. One of the best saloons in the neighborhood was Joe Schmidt's. Schmidt had an Irish terror called Toby, who was very intelligent and knew that his master only ordered to high class trade."

"One night a crowd of us were sitting around when a man shambled into the barroom. He was unshaven, dirty and drunk."

"We gave him a drink and he gulped it down. But Toby didn't like his looks and started snapping at him. Joe felt the same way and threw the fellow out. We went out on the street and gave him another drink. But he wouldn't tell us anything except that he was an artist."

"I was hopping mad at Joe and wanted to do something to make him ashamed of himself. On my way to my hotel I thought of the first lines of the poem and when I got there I set up all right to finish it. When I read it to Joe it brought tears into his eyes. Later it was published in the Dispatch, a theatrical and sporting newspaper, on August 7, 1887."

In Mr. D'Arcy's version, the artist makes the fatal error of introducing Magdalene to "a fan-baited boy who lived across the way." The artist was painting a portrait of this friend, and Magdalene had admired the dreamy eyes and said she would like to know him. So the artist introduced them, and here's what happened:

"It didn't take long to know him,

(Continued on Page 22)

A College Professor Turned Santa Claus

...by Inventing the World's Grandest Christmas Gift!



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America's leading Silver-smiths
Included with Pen and Pencil Sets at
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be enraptured 100% with your Christmas
Gift, put this millionaire's Pen on your
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Go to any good pen counter and see these
new and superlative Major and Maxima
models. And see the stunning new Parker
Vacumatic Pen and Pencil Sets in the regal
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The revolutionary Parker Vacumatic
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person second sight by letting him SEE
the ink level at all times—so he can refill

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Satisfied With Its Reward, the Eagle, a Leather Hood Pulled Over Its Head, Sits Back. The Hood Will Be Removed as Soon as Another Animal Is Sighted by the Hunter.



When an Animal Is Sighted the Hunter Releases the Eagle, Which Has a Wing Spread of Nine Feet or More. Only the Golden Eagle, Shown Above, Is Used in This Sport.

Not long ago a dispatch from Russia referred briefly to eagles in Turkey's trained to hunt game and the poachers.

[illegible]

Also on this page are photographs taken specially for The American Worker, as well I thank for the excellent work of the readers.

The caps can take the place of the full set of ancient cushions and even serve as a room which were limited to only the most important and dignified guests.

The lightest manuscript of the script was at the high lake ends of the Tian Shan mountains where these photographs were taken and the best specimens are those of the Kirgiz, a nomadic tribe whose language and traditions date before written history. The examples I have chosen for the Golden Eagle show a weight of material from seven centuries ago.

The kirghiz hawks begin to appear in February and March. When they find a nest they do not enter it until the young eagles reach half the length

The second example is the following:

ed to a hole of 1 mm, either at the very front, over the beak or 1 cm behind.

Next comes the catching of the prey. The skin of a fox or another animal is stuffed and spread in places for the eye sockets. At first the cage is closed and the stuffed animal, but for a few days, is raised up just on the animal's legs at least one side. After two or three days the animal is offered more and more

$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{4}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho u) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\rho u^2) &= -\rho g \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho v) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\rho v^2) &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho w) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\rho w^2) &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho T) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\rho u T) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\rho v T) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\rho w T) &= k \nabla^2 T \end{aligned}$$
[illegible]

Therefore, the n th order approximation for μ_n is

grates by the head and the head draws the feet in, and by sucking the air into the lungs, and so on. And the egg,

It is not clear, however, whether the above results are sufficient to show that the clock in the $\mathcal{H}_1$ is not a good approximation of the clock in $\mathcal{H}_2$, which is a fact.

A good bird-finding technique was to set a line of traps, 100 yd apart, in the brushy areas. If a hawk or falcon was seen, the traps were set in a line from the hawk to the bird. A hawk or falcon was then released from the trap.

$\theta = \theta_0 + \theta_1 \mathbf{x} + \theta_2 \mathbf{x}^2 + \dots$
 $\theta_0 = \theta(0) = \theta(0, 0, 0, \dots)$
 $\theta_1 = \theta'(0) = \theta'(0, 0, 0, \dots)$
 $\theta_2 = \frac{1}{2} \theta''(0) = \frac{1}{2} \theta''(0, 0, 0, \dots)$
 $\vdots$
 $\theta_k = \frac{1}{k!} \theta^{(k)}(0) = \frac{1}{k!} \theta^{(k)}(0, 0, 0, \dots)$
 $\vdots$
 $\theta = \theta_0 + \theta_1 \mathbf{x} + \frac{1}{2} \theta_2 \mathbf{x}^2 + \frac{1}{6} \theta_3 \mathbf{x}^3 + \dots$

The β values of the β -values of A and β -values of B with α of A and β -values of B are



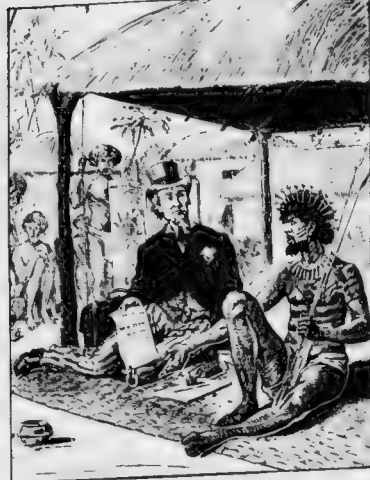
The Trained Eagle swoops squarely on the victim and kills, usually, by breaking its back. It holds the prey, in this case a mouse, The Huntsman takes away the victim from the eagle's hold and rewards the bird with pieces of food which he always carries along in his bag.



way the Victim From the Eagle's Hold and Rewards the Bird With Pieces of Meat Which He Always Carries Along in His Bag

Princess David,
Who, Like His
Ancestors,
toss Soft
and Careless,
and Who
Now Sits in a
Cell Instead
of at His
Yacht's Helm.

Arville Kinsler,
Half-Caste
so coldheart of
Prince David,
Whose Murder
Closed His
Playboy Career.



"The things that white men have brought to these shores—
We have found in their use a most cursed retribution
'Tis but right you should give us, to settle old scores,
For our broken down health a brand new constitution."

The two smiled on each other when John Young pointed to his mouth and stomach, she led him away to palace where he found she was nursest of the whole family. Its h

found one, it went into the royal net. This disconcerted them even if the Young had a chance to explain to zealous friends that this was a provol.

Nevertheless, as prime minister contrived to have them invited to the coronation of the second King of the hameha. For this occasion he induced the future King to trade a scandal wood for a whaling ship, Cleopatra. In the Cleopatra's

But before this had time to Young persuaded the new King to trade the precious sundial for longer for toys, but muskets, and ammunition. When he had of these things, the King, who that time, like his father had been the King of one of the islands, came, with all his canoes, and a whaler as a flag-ship, conquered the other islands. The missionaries constantly in-

germs of this disease to which the weakened survivors of the epidemic of pneumonia a few years ago were again ravaged. The natives to which they had acquired a natural immunity. Now, as the natives and other white men of Kona where Capt. Cook died, are so scarce, the 40,000 fine specimens, the Hawaiian are so scarce and numbered by Japanese immigrants. The white man brought

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"Born Again the Year"

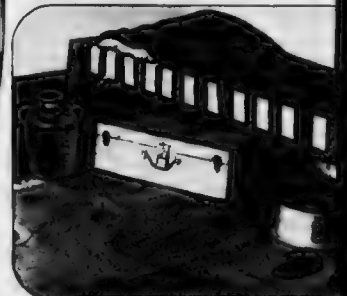
Official Report Upon 11-Years
the Home in a Distant
In Childbirth, Recognized
Her "Husband" of
Details None



Shanti Devi Standing Beside Her Brother Who is Only Two Years Younger Than She. But Whom She Does Not Regard as an 11-Year-Old Girl Would, But Looks on Him with the Eyes of an Unrelated Woman of 35—Which Is the Way She Regards All Her Family and Problems of "Her Present Life."



The Street in Muttra to Which Shanti Devi Led the Investigators, Pointing Out the House with the Veranda at the Left as Her Home in Her "Previous Incarnation"—and, Says the Report, She Described in Detail Everything Within the House with Which the Woman Who Lived There and Died Twelve Years Ago Could Have Been Familiar.



The Corner of a Room in the Muttra House in Which She Had Hidden Her Savings Before Her Death. According to the Investigators, Confirmed the Fact Wife Had Done So and That He Had Found the Exact As Shanti Devi Indicated.

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The Investigators' Report

LALA DESHBANDHU GUPTA (Managing Director, The Daily Tej), Pandit Nola Ram Sharma (well-known nationalist leader) and Mr. Tara Chand Mathur (Advocate) have issued the following report regarding their personal enquiries in the well-known case of the minor girl, Shanti Devi, who by relating certain incidents of her previous life has attracted considerable public attention in Delhi and outside it.

The case of Shanti is one of world-wide importance, with a direct bearing on the Philosophy of Life. In ordinary parlance it is called a case of re-birth and we may mention here that every possible care was taken by us to verify all the relevant data that came to our notice.

In the early years of her life, Shanti was almost silent up to the fourth year, but after that she began to say a few things which appeared to be the result of her recollections of her past life, mostly caused by association of ideas. For instance, when she was offered food, she would say: "I used to take such and such sweets, etc., at my house at Muttra."

When her mother dressed her, she would begin to describe how she used to dress herself previously at Muttra. She would repeatedly say that she was a "Choban" by caste, and that her husband was a cloth merchant. She also gave some details regarding her house, and pointed out that the color of the building was yellow and that there were particular shops in its vicinity.

In the beginning, her parents thought that her random talks were of "childish" nature, and they paid no particular attention to them. She, however, persisted in repeating her recollections often. Her parents did not like to pursue the matter any further, hoping that she might be made to forget it all because according to the conservative Hindu belief, a child disclosing events of the previous life did not generally survive, if the facts turned out to be true. The girl, Shanti, several times expressed her desire to visit Muttra. This was known to a number of people in her neighborhood, who came in contact with her at any time.

Until the last two years before this, the girl did not disclose the name of her husband (in her previous birth), and when asked by her parents to do so, she bashfully said that she would be able

to recognise him, but never gave out his name. It is a well-known custom in India that Hindu wives do not utter the name of their husbands out of sheer modesty.

One day, about a year and a half ago, Mr. Bishan Chand, a teacher in the Ramjas School No. 1, Darya Ganj, Delhi, a grand-uncle of the girl, called on her, and wanted her to tell him the name of her husband in her previous life, assuring her that if she would give out the name he would take her to Muttra. The girl then whispered into his ears that the name was "Pt. Kedar Nath Chaubey." The teacher promised to make inquiries before taking her there. Every now and then the girl asked the said teacher about the results of his inquiry, but he along with her parents put off the matter, as they did not intend to trace the whereabouts of her house in her previous life.

On the last Dusshera festival, the said teacher related the incident to Lala Kishan Chand, M.A., a retired Principal, living in No. 7, Darya Ganj, Delhi, who expressed desire to meet the girl. The meeting was arranged and she gave out the address of "Kedar Nath" and the description of his house. Lala Kishan Chand took down the address, and dropped a letter to Pt. Kedar Nath.

To the surprise of Lala Kishan Chand and others, the letter fetched a reply from Chaubey. Kedar Nath who wrote back that the facts stated were substantially correct. Pt. Kedar Nath further suggested in the course of his letter that a relation of his, named Pt. Kanji Mal, who was working in the firm of Messrs. Bhana Mal Gulzari Mal of Delhi, may be allowed to have an interview with the girl. From this time the case began to attract serious attention, and it was thought worthwhile to investigate the matter further. The suggested interview with Pt. Kanji Mal Chaubey was accordingly arranged; when the girl not only recognized the said Chaubey to be the younger cousin of her alleged husband, but also gave what appeared to have been very convincing replies to certain questions of a rather intimate nature.

This naturally aroused keen interest in further investigations, and Kanji Mal called his brother Kedar Nath Chaubey to Delhi, from Muttra.

Pt. Kedar Nath Chaubey came to Delhi with his ten years old son and his present wife to see Shanti Devi. At the very first sight, the girl recognized Pt. Kedar Nath as her husband. The son also attracted her attention. Their presence reacted on her in such a manner that she burst into tears, and kept sobbing heavily for about an hour. Pt. Kedar Nath was allowed to put a few

questions to the girl of more intimate nature, in order to test the reliability of her recollections.

He found the replies to be quite correct, and was moved to tears: It was as though his dead wife was speaking.

When questioned as to his impressions about the girl he gave out that he was fully convinced that it was the same soul, namely that of his first wife who had died at Muttra. The girl kept looking at both Kedar Nath and the boy during this meeting, and evinced great fondness for the latter showing motherly affection. She asked her present mother to bring some toys for the boy, and was so impatient to give a treat to her "son" that without waiting for her own mother, she herself took the bunch of keys and brought out a toy and a pack of cards to give them to the boy.

When Kedar Nath and his son wished to go out of the house, the girl expressed a keen desire to accompany them. It was, therefore, thought proper to give her a drive with them and avoid any possible collapse. After the drive, she came back hand in hand with her "son," followed by her father and Kedar Nath. She felt exceedingly happy that evening. On her request, Kedar Nath and his son stayed in Delhi for two days longer, and had further opportunities to watch her movements.

On the evening of the day after, Kedar Nath and his son were to go back to Muttra. As soon as the girl came to know of their intention, she wanted to accompany them to Muttra. But her parents did not agree to it. In order to divert her attention she was taken out for a drive, and then to a cinema. The girl's insistence on a visit to Muttra not only continued, but was increased greatly after the above-mentioned meeting with her "husband" and "son." She continued repeating with confidence that if she were taken to Muttra, she would lead them to the house of her "husband."

She described the Vishrant Ghat, the temple of Dwarkadhish, and the roads and streets leading to her alleged husband's house in Muttra.

She also mentioned several times that she had kept some money hidden underground in a certain room of her house at Muttra, and that she had pledged to offer Rs. 100/- (a hundred rupees) out of the amount to the temple of Dwarkadhish. This fact she had also mentioned to Kedar Nath Chaubey when he was in Delhi.

The parents of the girl and their caste-relations who are mostly conservative, were still unwilling to take the risk of sending the girl to Muttra. We were, however, able to persuade them to agree to our proposal, and finally we left for Muttra with a party of fifteen persons, including the parents of the girl, ten days after this. We took with us a photographer for taking necessary photographs. Since the moment we entrained, the girl was kept under close observation and all her movements and remarks were carefully noted on us. We noticed signs of unusual happiness on

her face as soon as she got into the train. She kept very happy throughout the "three hours' journey."

As the train approached Muttra, she became flushed with joy and remarked that by the time they reached Muttra, it would be 11 A.M. The doors of the temple of Dwarkadhish would be closed. Her language was typical of that used in Muttra.

As the station drew near, she grew visibly serious and looked as if the new surroundings were reacting on her. She watched everything through the train-window very carefully, and the moment the train steamed in, she cried out "Muttra again! 'Muttra again! (Muttra has come! Muttra has come!)"

It seemed as if some information about our arrival had already reached Muttra. Some people, including a few responsible local men, were present at the railway platform. But we had already chalked out our line of procedure and had instructed all the members of the party to keep a little aloof from us, so as to allow us to go with the girl. The local people were also requested likewise, and we must acknowledge that they co-operated with us in the matter.

The first incident which attracted our attention on reaching Muttra, happened on the platform itself. The girl was in L. Deshbandhu's arms. He had hardly gone fifteen paces when an elderly man, wearing a typical Muttra dress, whom she had never met before, came in front of her, mixed in the small crowd and paused for a while. She was asked whether she could recognise him. His presence reacted so quickly on her that she at once came down from Mr. Gupta's arms and touched the stranger's feet with deep devotion and stood aside.

On inquiring, she whispered in Lala Deshbandhu's ears that the person was her 'Jethi' (elder brother of her husband).

All this was so spontaneous and natural that it left everybody stunned with surprise! The man was "Babu Ram Chaubey" and he was really the elder brother of Kedar Nath Chaubey. On getting out of the railway station, we took a conveyance of our own choice, rejecting the offer of local men to use their conveyances. The girl was put in the front seat and our carriage went ahead of all others. Necessary precautions were taken that no pedestrians should be allowed to lead the way. The driver was instructed to follow the route indicated only by the girl, without caring as to where he went. She led the carriage to the 'Holi Ghat' (which she used to mention as a landmark on the way to her house from the railway station) without any difficulty.

Several questions relating to the various buildings and roads that came in our way were put to her to which she replied correctly. For ex-

"After She Died"

Year-Old Shanti Devi, Who "Remembered" City From Which She Was Taken to Die
 Recognized Her "Son" and Convinced Her Identity by Giving Him Intimate But His Wife Could Have Known

after death, some of the Orient, but exists in every land. The leader of the movement and her followers were greatly interested in brief and had been discovered in the city of Delhi, and that her death was a year before the investigation.

Mr. M. S. Sharma is a member from Great Britain, one of the leading and most prominent. It is a strange thing that another woman, but that



Shanti Devi Said "Husband," That His First Money There

ample, she told us that the station road was not far from the temple and pointing out to the several new buildings which she said did not exist before.

She also gave us a vivid description of the Holi Ghat before we reached there. The girl continued showing the way till we reached an entrance to a lane which opened into a bazaar. She stopped the carriage there and pointed out the parts of the lane that led to her ancestral house. Leaving the carriage behind, we went into the lane. Shanti still guiding the party, we met with another surprise when she recognized an old Brahmin of about 75 years of age. She called him her father-in-law and instinctively bowed to him, touching his feet in profound veneration.

Her action was so spontaneous that it moved everybody present on the spot. Further up, she was able to locate her house without much difficulty, although the color of the house as it stands today is not yellow. This building is now rented to some other person. She was taken into the house. Two responsible gentlemen of Muttra, interested in our inquiries, also joined us at this stage. She pointed out the room in which she used to live. To test the girl further, one of those two gentlemen put to her a rather difficult question. He asked whether she could point out the Jai-Zarur of her house.

To us Delhi-walas, the word Jai-Zarur was Greek and Latin, but to the utter surprise of every one present, the girl did not take a second to think, she came down the staircase of her own accord and pointed out the lavatory to the questioner, in a manner as if she was very familiar with every nook and corner of the house. To avoid the crowd and carry on further inquiries in a calmer atmosphere, we took Shanti to Diaramshala. There she recognized her "brother," now 25 years old, and her other "uncle-in-law." One thing which we particularly noticed was that all the time she felt perfectly at home in Muttra. As we spent some time in taking our lunch, the girl kept on saying that she should be taken to her other house where she had kept some money underground. We took her to that place through a circuitous route to avoid crowds as far as possible. She was all alone leading the party and later on recognized her second house also without any difficulty. According to her, this was the house where she had passed the major part of her



Shanti Devi Whose Strange Case Has Been the Subject of Official Investigation in India.

previous life, and where Pt. Kedar Nath's family still lives.

The stories that were enacted here soon after our arrival dispelling all our misgivings as to the truth of her story. She entered the house as if she were still its mistress.

Asked by Pt. Neki Ram to point out the well about which she used to speak in Delhi, she ran to the small courtyard in the house and was very much perturbed not to find a well there. But she confidently asserted, pointing to a corner of the courtyard and saying "Kuan yhan tha," the well was here. The girl showed great satisfaction when Pt. Kedar Nath Chaubey removed the stone covering of the well which was closed down some years ago.

When questioned about her so-called treasure, she asked us to accompany her to the upper-story. This was rather puzzling, as no underground treasure could be thought of in an upper-story of a house. But she was quite confident and led us straight to her room which was locked up at that time.

Chaubey was asked to open the room. It took him a few minutes to bring the keys.

The girl grew impatient and kept peeping into the room through the chinks, crying that that was her room and the money lay there.

When she entered the small room, she cast her eyes around, and put her foot in a corner, saying that the money lay hidden underneath that spot.



Mrs. Annie Besant, the Well-Known Leader of Believers in Reincarnation Here and Abroad, Who Died Not So Long Ago, Declaring That She Would Soon Be Born Again on Earth—And Who Would Have Accepted Little Shanti Devi's Story Entirely.

money was taken out by her "husband," Pt. Kedar Nath Chaubey, after her death. When we decided to leave the house for the Jumna River, she abruptly said that her clothes for bathing should be taken from her store on the ground-floor. She left the house with a heavy heart. There was yet another surprise in store for us. It is noteworthy that while she was in Delhi, she had very little recollection of her parents (in previous life).

But strange enough when we took her to her "parents'" house, situated in a neighboring street in Muttra, she not only recognized it, but was also able to identify her old "father" and "mother" in a crowd of more than fifty persons. The girl embraced her "parents" who wept bitterly at her sight.

Now every one of us thought that it was really a blessing to forget all about our previous lives. We confessed we have taken a grave responsibility on our shoulders in bringing the girl to Muttra.



Shanti Devi, Says the Report, Recognized at Once, Although She Had Never Seen Him Before, the Man She Said Had Been Her Husband in Her Previous Life. She Lived in the Home of His Wife, Knew Him as a Taken of Widely Devotion and Then Gave Him Descriptions of Their Life Together That None But His Dead Wife Could Know—It Was as Though That Wife, Now 12 Years Dead, Stood Again Beside Him, Whispering the Details of Those Intimate Happenings Into His Ear.

Chaubey Kedar Nath hesitated a bit, but we did not know why, but ultimately he had to yield to the girl's persistent demand.

The spot was dug up, and about a foot deep under the spot, an old-fashioned "galla"—an arrangement for keeping valuables underground—was found, but there was no money. The girl would not believe that the money was not recovered. She searched the loosened earth herself for a few minutes, and was very much disappointed at her not finding the money. She kept on saying, "Money is there."

Later on we learnt that the ten thousand persons was subsequently held in the compound of a local high school where many of those who were eye-witnesses to the whole inquiry were also present. We narrated all the incidents to the audience that came into our experience regarding the girl. The people of Muttra expressed their desire that the girl should be left there for a few days more, but this could not be done for obvious reasons.

On our return journey to Delhi the same evening, the girl being tired and nothing except that she should have been allowed to stay in Muttra longer, and fell asleep.

Sworn Statement of Chaubey Kanji Mal, Cousin of Chaubey Kedar Nath:

I received a letter from my elder cousin, Chaubey Kedar Nath at Muttra, informing me that a letter was addressed to him by one Lala Kishan

(Continued on Page 21)

Mighty Like a Rose

EVER since the designing and making of women's hats became a profession, milliners have been "holding the mirror up to Nature" and getting many of their better ideas from the woods and the fields and the creatures therein.

At the turn of the century when Milady wore "rats" in her hair, "flower garden" hats were as modish as they were high and cluttered with assorted phony fruit and flowers. Such accessories were burdened with clusters of pseudo apple blossoms, fabricated cherries, manna-bunches of grapes, all bobbing about and sprays of brilliant green leaves fashioned of linen and wire.

Things have changed, and so have the styles in feminine headgear. But modistes still "hold the mirror up to Nature," as the photograph below so interestingly shows. In this case the milliner has not attempted to recapture a portion of fauna and flora but took to the air, that is, rather a single rose.

Perhaps the originator of the hat recalled the long-time custom of Spanish aristocrats and persons of grace (their dark hair with a single rose. Possibly she or he some of our recent chapeaus are turned out by modern-day fashions felt that the rose is the most delicate and beautiful of flowers and is the best possible model for something new in the way of millinery.

Anyway the result, perched so jauntily and becomingly on the blonde head of Miss Lucy Saunders of New York, was judged an artistic success and fashion experts would not be at all surprised if "flower hats" come back to popularity. For the ponderous creations of the 1920s and Nineties but simple models on the order of the rose chapeau.

The designer of the hat could not resist a rather modern touch, however, and did not carry the imitation to the limit. The maker used robin's egg blue crepe.

Solomon Has a Milliner So Frankly, and Successfully, Gone Back to Nature for an Idea, as in the Case of This Neat Chapeau That Looks Mighty Like a Rose.

"Cummy Justice" for Family Rows

BY walking six steps every morning from his imposing bench in the Domestic Relations Court to a more informal seat behind the court rail, Judge Eugene C. Bonnell, of Philadelphia,

persuades twenty per cent more couples than formerly to kiss and make up. In helping married folks to avoid the legal tangles of divorce, his honor hit upon a bit of psychology which he has found to be very effective. He knows that a judge perched up on a bench seems cold and aloof to the people who come before him. That is all right for criminal and civil trials, but the people with marital troubles are different. Many of them are to "open their hearts" to a friendly counselor.

Judge Bonnell has made that possible by coming down and making up. With increased proximity voices are lowered, privacy voices are lowered, clients become more chummy and many of them he says discover that they have no real quarrel and a shoult have come have come to court in the first place. The whole trend of their sex is now changed.



How Asbestos Fire-Fighting suits, lately tested by the men of England's Royal Air Force, make the men look like some queer creatures from Another Planet. But they do not the Flame and Smoke and easily will set the fashion for the Nation's Firemen.



Ceylon's Original "Popeye"

THE wailing, google-eyed "critter" in the photograph below is a prize that the curators of the London Zoo have been looking for a long time. It's a cousin of the chimpanzee, the gorilla, the orang-utan and all the other members of the monkey family and is listed in the natural history books as the Highland slender Loris.

Although this breed of Loris is one of the smallest and weakest of monkeys it is one of the most difficult for hunters to bring back alive because of its remarkable agility and the fact that it normally lives concealed among the leaves of the highest trees and down most of its feeding at night.

The jungle "Popeye," recently bagged in the wilds of Ceylon, would have gone into the limbo of extinct species long since if Nature hadn't given it a pair of eyes as efficient as they are prominent. The eyes of the Loris may look frightened and wistful but they have much the same keen power as the eyes of an owl. They work best in the dark and are not of much use in the bright light of day. Compared with this frail inhabitant of the Ceylon jungles, the bigger and more powerful breeds of monkeys are near sighted.

In many respects the Loris is more like a squirrel than a monkey. It swings through the trees with the greatest ease, catching branches that would break with the weight of larger monkeys. It is a very clever animal, and it is said to be able to carry up the trunk of a small tree with the agility of a cat. The Loris of the London Zoo doesn't perform much in the way of stunts, but it is a very interesting animal to watch. It is a very quiet animal, and it is said to be able to sleep for long periods of time without moving. It is a very interesting animal to watch, and it is said to be able to sleep for long periods of time without moving.

The "Popeyed" Inmate of the London Zoo Is This Highland Slender Loris, a Member of the Monkey Family from the Jungles of Ceylon.

"Where Did You Get That Hat?"

Wherever He Got It He Doesn't Like It Any More Than "Pop" Likes One of Those New Lids That Ma's Wearing.

FOR more than four years, John, a big gray guinea pig, has guarded a flock of sheep so effectively that he has become "the best watchman and shepherd in Miami Valley," according to his owner, C. P. Brown, of Middletown, Ohio. John appointed himself to the job by accident when Mr. Brown decided to sell all of his geese. A prospective purchaser came to the farm and looked the birds over appreciably. John returned the look with interest, and the thing was up and made himself scarce.

He was watching the geese were taken away and he stayed missing for two days. Then Brown found him huddled among the sheep, which seemed to have placed a adopted him. Grateful for their protection.

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He was watching the geese were taken away and he stayed missing for two days. Then Brown found him huddled among the sheep, which seemed to have placed a adopted him. Grateful for their protection.

Newest Fashions for British Firefighters

LONDON The costume is topped off with a helmet. In the front of the big but not-too-heavy chapeau is an oblong of specially made glass which will not melt even in the hottest fire. The helmet is big enough to provide an insulating air space between it and the firefighter's head.

The tests of the latest thing in firemen's fashions were completely successful and several members of the fire force walked through great patches of oil-fuel flames without the slightest discomfort.

Mr. Penguin Rolls "a Lady"

VERY popular in London's famous zoo has been the penguin named "a Lady" as many of the famous and near famous people who have seen it.

More than most such "stars," this photograph shows the remarkable dignity with which these man-like creatures from the Antarctic carry themselves. This particular penguin answers to the name "Johnny" and gets genuine enjoyment in hobnobbing with visitors to the zoo, especially pretty girls like the one holding one of his flippers. During most of the swirl about the grounds Johnny held his black head smoothly aloft and didn't even nod to acquaintances including the keepers who take care of him. Johnny is one of the most popular entertainers in the zoo's repertory. He is a little better where company is allowed to play with birds and beasts that are domesticated enough to be tamed.

AGander That Herds Sheep

FOR more than four years, John, a big gray guinea pig, has guarded a flock of sheep so effectively that he has become "the best watchman and shepherd in Miami Valley," according to his owner, C. P. Brown, of Middletown, Ohio. John appointed himself to the job by accident when Mr. Brown decided to sell all of his geese. A prospective purchaser came to the farm and looked the birds over appreciably. John returned the look with interest, and the thing was up and made himself scarce.

He was watching the geese were taken away and he stayed missing for two days. Then Brown found him huddled among the sheep, which seemed to have placed a adopted him. Grateful for their protection.

Johnny, one of the Penguins at the London Zoo, Is All Dignified, Formally When He Goes Walking With a Lady Friend. He Has No Time for Anytime Flies, Including the Cameraman



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MAKE your whole family happy this Christmas, and make their happiness last for many months and many thousands of miles, by giving them a beautiful new 1938 Chevrolet—the car that is complete!

You'll be ahead in all ways with a new Chevrolet; ahead in *Modern-Mode Styling*; ahead in *Knee-Action*® riding comfort; ahead in *Valve-in-Head Engine* performance; ahead in *Perfect Hydraulic Brake* safety—because Chevrolet for 1938, as you know, is the only low-priced

car which brings you all these modern, up-to-date features.

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THE CAR THAT IS COMPLETE

THESE PRACTICAL CONVENIENT CHEVROLET ACCESSORIES ALSO MAKE IDEAL CHRISTMAS GIFTS!



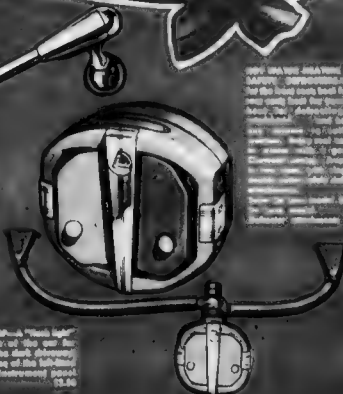
Round mirror... chrome-plated... with adjustable... \$7.50



Chrome-plated horn... with... \$7.50



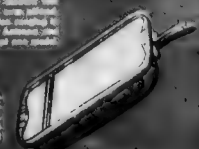
Chrome-plated door handle... \$7.50



Chrome-plated door lock... \$7.50



Chrome-plated door latch... \$7.50



Chrome-plated door pull... \$7.50

A small installation charge on some items.

Luxor Christmas Specials

A WHOLE PAGE OF LUXURIOUS
GIFTS IN HOLIDAY DRESS • SPECIAL SELECTIONS
SPECIAL WRAPPINGS • SPECIAL VALUES

HERE they are—in Christmasy trimmings! Luxor beauty aids that knowing women are adopting in preference to the most expensive cosmetics made. Not because of their modest cost, but because of what they're made of, and what they do.

Luxor light-proof face powder has solved the problem of "shine." Luxor nourish face cream is revolutionizing skin care. And Luxor hand cream! If you don't already know the difference between first-class conditioners and ordinary lotions, it will be a happy discovery.

Christmas assortments have all been made, the stores are showing them now. They will go fast, and there won't be any more—not in these assortments at these prices. So do plan to see them at once.

Double Value



Luxor
PARTY PAIR
Light-Proof Powder
And Alluring
Cologne

\$1.65



**LIGHT PROOF
LUXOR FACE POWDER . . . AND LA RICHELLESSE**
A Fine, Full-Bodied Perfume

• A Christmas special, and very special! Luxor shine-proof powder is used in making picture work and Klieg lamps—the supreme test for makeup.

Most Luxor users could pay—and *did* pay—a dollar for powder. It was not the price, but the light-proof feature that won them to Luxor face powder. It is positively shine proof, even on an oily skin, even perspiration

**BOTH
55¢**

cannot cause it to "glaze." Luxor powder is used in making picture work and Klieg lamps—the supreme test for makeup.

Regular users will all pounce on this double value, of course, and at least a hundred thousand others will be tempted by this offer.

We have tried to provide every store with all they'll need, but we urge you not to wait until there's no time to provide more of these desirable combinations.



MEN!

Check off five names on your Christmas list for a five dollar bill—or less!

These luxurious but inexpensive gifts for personal use are more flattering than flowers. If she's between 16 and 60 you can't go wrong with any of these selections. Look for the Luxor display at any drug store. But don't wait too long.



\$1.00

A BANDBOX OF BEAUTY FOR THE HANDS
A Generous Jar of the Sensational
Luxor Hand Cream in a Trestle Box

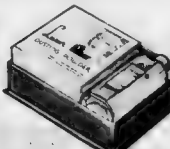
**Luxor
THREE ESSENTIALS**
(FOR THE PRICE OF TWO)

The three essentials for the Luxor woman are: Luxor's double-whipped cleansing cream, Luxor's light-proof face powder, and Luxor's nourish face cream. The three essentials for the Luxor man are: Luxor's light-proof face powder, Luxor's hand cream, and Luxor's intimate combination.



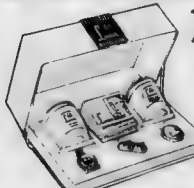
\$1.10

**Luxor
INTIMATE
COMBINATION**
AFTER THE BATH



\$1.65

LUXOR'S COMPLETE COMPLEXION ENSEMBLE



For Dry Skin

The most exacting woman's needs, the more she will appreciate a complete complexion set. Luxor's double-whipped cleansing cream is unsuited for dry skins. Luxor's Tissue Cream, blended of fine, rich oils, Luxor's light-proof powder—Luxor's anti-radiation, precision tint rouge, and milk-like lipstick. The La Richesse perfume in pure flower complete set for only

\$2.75

La Richesse
AN INTERESTING ODOUR
AND AS SOFTLE AS ANY
FRAGRANCE
THAT IS MADE



An entrancing fragrance combining a rich and rare bouquet of the most beautiful flowers. Full-bodied and lingering. A store in sufficient. Full value in a beautiful container.

\$3.50

For Oily Skin



\$2.75

NEARLY ALL COSMETIC COUNTERS WILL DISPLAY THESE ATTRACTIVE LUXOR HOLIDAY OFFERINGS!...But will not have them long!

THE *New* VOGUE a Walnut Bowl ON YOUR TABLE



It may be GLASS

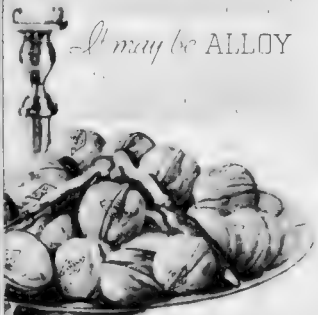
IT'S SMART — the season's new style into your dining table and home decoration

IT'S SOCIAL — the perfect gift for your friends and family

IT'S SENSIBLE — a delicious and nutritious snack for your family and guests



It may be SILVER



It may be ALLOY



It may be POTTERY

Folks WHO ARE ALWAYS IN THE FOREFRONT of fashion—folks who “keep up with things”—they’ll tell you. So will your gift shop, your jeweler and your department store.

It has come with a rush — this New Vogue — a Walnut Bowl on your table! And it's bound to stay — because it's every bit as sensible as it is modish.

What could look more homey and inviting? Yet, at the same time, more decorative than a brilliant bowl heaped high with Walnuts? It speaks hospitality — and plenty. And an eye to real values — in art and in food. A gay all-day ornament for table or buffet — a festive note for mealtime.

Yes, and your doctor and dietitian will approve of this idea — most heartily. Daughter's cooking teacher, too. And son's athletic coach. They may not be interested in style — but they do know that Walnuts assure a tasty source of bone-, body- and energy-building elements — whether you measure them in

proteins, minerals, vitamins or calories

And you, as purveyor to the family's appetites — you will welcome that bowl of Walnuts — always within ready reach when you are touching up a salad or a pudding, or putting the soul of flavor into a cake or a meatless loaf.

“Diamonds” glorify the Vogue

But, of course, the *kind* of Walnuts in the bowl — that's just as important as the beauty of the bowl itself. And there's where your grocer gets in his word. He knows — and he'll tell you — that your Walnut Bowl should be filled with Diamond Walnuts — because every nut displays its brand of quality as proudly as your finest bowl wears its hallmark.

And with “Diamonds” now selling at the lowest prices in 22 years, you'll be enjoying a double economy if you buy them *in the shell* — ready to fill the Walnut Bowl or to use in all kinds of tempting made-up dishes. They cost less that way — and you crack as many as you need — *when you need them*. The

“Diamond” on the shell promises you plump, crisp kernels inside — always fresh — full of flavor, full of nourishment — the pick of the crop.

Your jeweler, gift shop, or department store can help you select the right bowl for your table or your gift. Your grocer will show you why it pays to heap the bowl with “Diamonds.”

CALIFORNIA WALNUT GROWERS ASSOCIATION
Los Angeles, California

Now **DIAMOND WALNUTS**
lowest prices in 22 years



For your copy of the booklet “Diamonds” on the shell, write to the California Walnut Growers Association, Los Angeles, California.

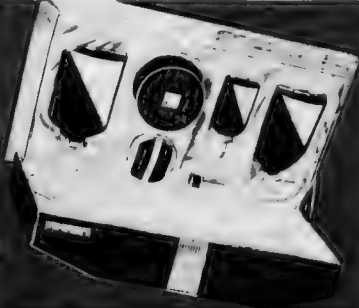
Evening in Paris BOURJOIS

Evening in Paris Perfume - "Santal de Indes" - 3.33 oz. - \$2.00
Evening in Paris Perfume - "Santal de Indes" - 1.67 oz. - \$1.25 to \$1.50



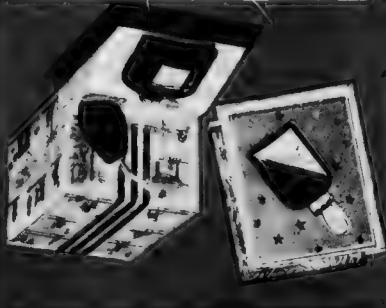
Evening in Paris Perfume and Face Powder are things every woman wears. This is the first Parisian perfume in the evening box. It is a silver frosted glass bottle with a silver cap. \$2.25

Evening in Paris Perfume - "Jasmin de France" - 3.33 oz. - \$2.00
Evening in Paris Perfume - "Jasmin de France" - 1.67 oz. - \$1.25 to \$1.50

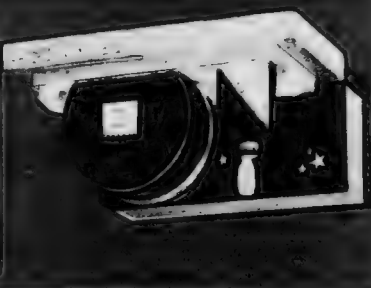


Evening in Paris Perfume in a handsome bottle with a silver cap and a silver box. It is a silver frosted glass bottle with a silver cap. \$1.00

Evening in Paris Perfume - "Rose de France" - 3.33 oz. - \$2.00
Evening in Paris Perfume - "Rose de France" - 1.67 oz. - \$1.25 to \$1.50



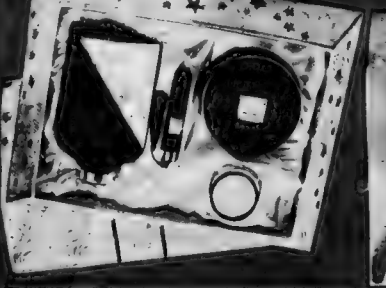
Evening in Paris Perfume in a handsome bottle with a silver cap and a silver box. It is a silver frosted glass bottle with a silver cap. \$2.25



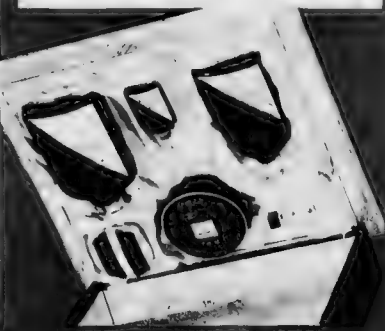
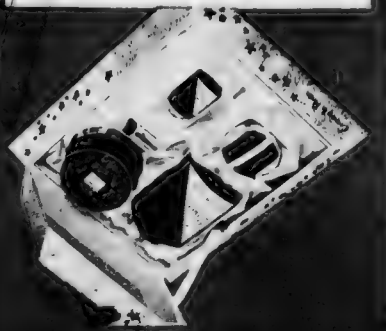
Evening in Paris Perfume - "Santal de Indes" - 3.33 oz. - \$2.00
Evening in Paris Perfume - "Santal de Indes" - 1.67 oz. - \$1.25 to \$1.50



Evening in Paris Perfume in a handsome bottle with a silver cap and a silver box. It is a silver frosted glass bottle with a silver cap. \$1.00



Evening in Paris Perfume - "Rose de France" - 3.33 oz. - \$2.00
Evening in Paris Perfume - "Rose de France" - 1.67 oz. - \$1.25 to \$1.50



It's your favorite thing at Department Store
from \$1.10 to \$2.50, give you a wide selection.
at one counter... And all different sets, priced
Christmas sets. You can buy them all at one time,
giving all the ladies on your list. Evening in Paris
You'll save hours of Christmas shopping time by
first gentleman of France (at Christmas time) ...
... Good advice to American gentlemen from the
loved by the loveliest ladies of my own Paris.
sets of Evening in Paris, the beauty and best
make them most beautiful... So we give to them
We know that the ladies want most the gifts that
Not so in Paris? We Frenchmen understand better!
are so at a loss in the buying of the gifts for ladies.
Santa Claus of France, "How the men of America
IT ASTORVANDS ONLY" says le Pere Noel, the

"Every Lady Likes Beauty with a French Accent"

LE PERE NOEL SAYS :



Born Again the Year After She Died The Investigators' Report

(Continued from Double Page)

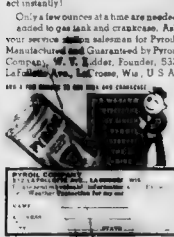
Chand, a retired Principal in Delhi, who made certain inquiries about a girl, Shanti Devi, the daughter of B. Rang Bahadur Mathur of Mohalla Cherkhanna, Delhi. The letter further stated that the girl carried an account of her previous life and of her house in Multa.

GET PYROIL AND GET GOING!



No Ford doesn't free free from hot deep in more and so it does live co. I gripped engine so that they start easily! Give your battery a chance!

Only a few ounces at a time are needed to add to gas tank and crankcase. Ask your service station salesman for Pyroil. Manufactured and Guaranteed by Pyroil Company, 47 W. 42nd St., New York, N.Y. 362 Lafayette Ave., LaRousse, W. Va. U.S.A.



count ran as follows:
"In my previous life, I was Chouban by caste, and my husband was Chaudhary Kedar Nath of Multa. He had a shop of pice-goods near Twarakadish Temple, and the color of my house was yellow."

Kedar Nath also wrote to me the facts regarding his name, his shop of pice-goods and caste were true and that he had written to J. Kishan Chand, retired Principal, to see me. The Principal came to see me and inquired of me all the facts which were written by Kedar Nath. I corroborated them and expressed to him my desire to interview the girl. The Principal very kindly arranged an interview. I interviewed the girl in the presence of the Principal and several other gentlemen, and the following is the conversation that took place between the girl and myself:

Q. Do you recognize me?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. What is my name?
A. I do not remember that.
Q. Then how do you recognize me?
A. I recognize you as the younger cousin of my husband.
Q. How do you know that, when you cannot tell my name?
A. I have recognized you by your features.
Q. What was the name of your husband?
A. Shanti Devi, Chaudhary Kedar

Nath.
Q. How many brothers had your husband?
A. Shanti Devi: My husband had only one brother.
Q. Had your husband an elder or younger brother?
A. Shanti Devi: He had an elder brother.

Q. Was Kedar Nath's father then living?
A. Shanti Devi: Yes, he was alive.
Q. Could you recognize him?
A. Shanti Devi: Yes.

Q. Where was your house situated in Multa?
A. Shanti Devi: It was situated in Choubey St.
Q. Give me some other particulars regarding the situation of your house.
A. Shanti Devi: There was a grocery shop in front of my house.

Q. Did you ever lend money to anybody in your previous life?
A. Shanti Devi: This I do not remember, but, of course, I borrowed some money, under the name of my husband, in my house.
Q. How much money did you treasure and in what place of the house?
A. Shanti Devi: About Rs. 150- in a box in the upper-story of my house.

Q. Can you point out that place?
A. Shanti Devi: Yes.
Q. How many children were born to you in your previous life?
A. Shanti Devi: One.

Shanti Devi: I gave birth to two children, one son and one daughter.
Q. Where and how did your death take place?
A. Shanti Devi: This I do not remember.

Q. Were your parents present at the time of your death?
A. Shanti Devi: Yes, they were all present.
Q. Why did you treasure the money under the ground?
A. Shanti Devi: Because I was anxious to make an offering of this money to my Deity at the Twarakadish Temple.

Q. Why were you anxious to offer this money to the Deity?
A. Shanti Devi: For the good of my son.
Q. If you were left alone at the Multa Railway Station, could you go and find your house unaided?
A. Shanti Devi: Though my house is situated far away from the Railway Station, yet I could reach it all alone.

Q. Would you like to go to Multa?
A. Shanti Devi: Yes, please take me with you to Multa.
Q. What ornaments did you wear then?
A. Shanti Devi: Heavy "churra" or earring especially worn for big bangles in Multa on my legs.

Q. What other ornaments did you wear?
A. Shanti Devi: An ornament on the forehead, hanging on the arms and a necklace.

After this conversation I was convinced that the girl was really my own relation, now personating in another body. I gave her to understand that I would take her back to Multa, but when I was leaving her, she followed me and inquired if her "son" was doing well. I replied in the affirmative.

I would you like to see your son?
A. Shanti Devi: Yes, of course.
After some three or four days I went to Multa and had a talk with my cousin, the boy Kedar Nath about his strange affair.

As a result of the conversation Chaudhary Kedar Nath, along with his present wife and her son, Nit Lal, born of his previous wife, Shanti Devi, came to Delhi. The next day I led them all to Shanti's house. At that time Shanti had gone to school, but her father, B. Rang Bahadur Mathur was present, and I informed him that the elder brother of Chaudhary Kedar Nath had come to Delhi.

I purposely concealed the name of Chaudhary Kedar Nath in order to find out whether the girl could recognize him or not. B. Rang Bahadur Mathur, the girl from the school, meanwhile a crowd of people gathered around her.

I asked her if she could recognize the gentleman whom I had brought in her presence. She lowered her head in modesty and was quiet for a while. On my persuading her not to feel shy and give out the name of the gentleman, she said in a low voice that the gentleman was her husband.

Further I asked her, how did she recognize him, she said that she could recognize him by his appearance. On hearing this I asked her to sit near Kedar Nath. Meanwhile, the ladies in the house, who were there, questioned further about the gentleman, near whom she was sitting. Once more she turned her head in modesty. His Hindi voice generally did and said that the gentleman was her husband. She then knelt and lifting the hem of her robe, kissed it as a token of wife's devotion.

The ladies further made certain inquiries from Kedar Nath regarding his habits about which the girl had often talked to them. It replied satisfied them in the nature of those inquiries. Shanti Devi evinced great affection towards the boy Nit Lal, born of her in her previous life, as she brought out some toys and gave them to him.

When we were about to leave her house, she took us to the back of the house and was not willing to allow us to depart. The whole of the afternoon she remained in the house, and all the ladies and gentlemen present there were visibly moved at the sight of Shanti Devi's retirement. She was consequently removed from there and sent along with other ladies inside the house, where she was confined and pacified. A letter on which she was taken out for a drive along with myself, Kedar Nath and her other relations. On our return, when Kedar Nath was about to leave her near the shop in which I work, she again inquired if her "son" was doing well to her house. He visited her again in the evening when she gave him further description of the life together that none but a dead wife could give.

On the next day, Kedar Nath and his party left for Multa.

Dates in the "Two Lives" of Shanti Devi.

1. The date of her birth (in her previous life). 18 Jan, 1902
2. Her date of birth. 25th Sept, 1905
3. The date of her husband's birth. 25th Sept, 1905
4. The date—cause—of her death. 4th Oct, 1925 at 10 A.M., from complications following child birth.
5. The place where she died. Lady Lyaal Hospital, Agra
6. The name of the Doctor, who was then in charge of the hospital. Lady Webb
7. The date of her birth (in her present life). 19th Oct, 1925
8. The name and address of her father. B. Rang Bahadur Mathur of Mohalla Cherkhanna, Delhi.

I Don't Take My Life by Ruth Burre Samborn

(continued from Page 22)

I lived in my new days put in such a life. For one thing, it was hot. Most nights in June there were mosquitoes, even in the summer, but take it out about every year there'll be two or three hot ones. This night had to be one of them. In that sealed-up room with all those girls going and every breath shut out, it was like a hot stove when you first stepped in.

But the next time I found him on his knees in front of a window, peering into the shade, and that time I couldn't take him. I was a shock to him. I didn't know what to do. I was a shock to him. I didn't know what to do. I was a shock to him. I didn't know what to do.

Later it would be ridiculous and so bright it would be like his own face. I just sat there, watching him. I just sat there, watching him. I just sat there, watching him. I just sat there, watching him.

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Half & Half Makes One Swell Gift!

It's a present with a future—makes every day a holiday for the pipe-smoker. Cool as his thought of those gadgets he'll get. Smooth as his grin at a pound tin instead. Fragrant, friendly, full-bodied tobacco that won't bite the tongue—in a tin that won't bite the fingers. Made by our exclusive modern process including patent No. 1,770,920. Cool and smooth. Smells good. Makes his pipe welcome anywhere. Tastes good. His passport to pleasure—your buy-word for smokers!

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Here's Help for Itching, Burning Skin Torment

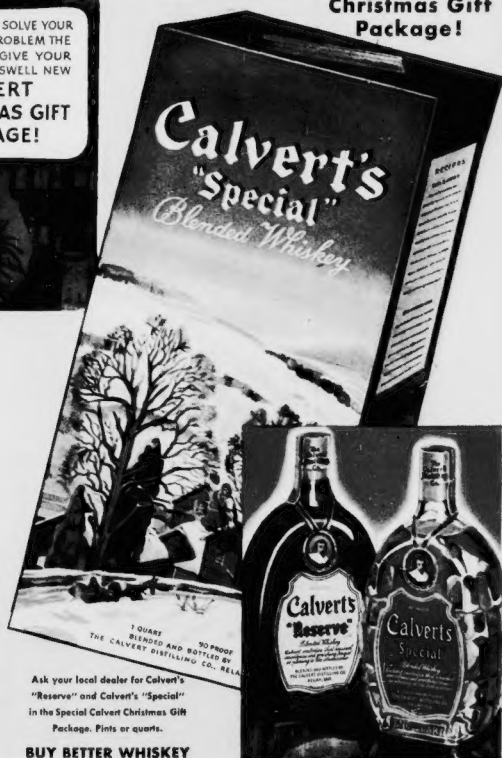
STOP Scratching

RESINOL OINTMENT

Don't give up hope—resinol ointment will stop your itching discomfort. Resinol ointment is the only ointment that does this. It takes the sting from the irritated spots, eases the desire to scratch and brings untold relief. For sale at all druggists.



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[CLEAR HEADED BUYERS]

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Calvert
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From Take Mental Cases to Ruin Burr Sanborn

(Continued from Page 24)

married Hull to balance the budget. Well, it's balanced now. I only know what I see. But everybody can see that balcony. All the rooms on the other side open onto it."

"I don't think that's a very pretty thing to say," I told him firmly.

And he laughed, without sounding amused, as if my words were funny, but not to his meaning. "It isn't a pretty situation," you know."

I could see that, all right. I said, very off-hand. Mr. Keating seems interested in Miss Persicha."

"Persicha," said Justin Meter, "will have a fortune some day. Hull's mistake is in keeping her short now." He asked, as if afraid he had said too much, "Do tell you the truth, I don't think Keating's got the guts for violence."

"Maybe you have," I suggested, in a perfectly nice way. "For that matter, it would be as much to your advantage as his to have Mr. Hull gone."

More, perhaps," he said with a smile.

Glamorous Women Use Tarkoot Beauty Mask
TARKOOT today is a matter of close attention to detail. Whenever new, fresh or in need of freshening up, a Tarkoot Beauty Mask is as definitely refreshing as the Tarkoot Beauty Mask itself. It's a matter of time before you will look and feel like a Tarkoot Beauty Mask. It's a matter of time before you will look and feel like a Tarkoot Beauty Mask. It's a matter of time before you will look and feel like a Tarkoot Beauty Mask.

Chase Mercolized Wax



to KEEP YOUR SKIN Young Looking

Make your skin smoother, softer, younger-looking with Mercolized Wax. This lovely white cream does all the bleaching, whitening, softening, smoothing, revealing the fresh beauty of the complexion. Superficial discolorations of the surface skin naturally disappear. Mercolized Wax is also smooth, lubricates, softens and beautifies the skin. Give Mercolized Wax a trial. Let it bring out the hidden beauty of your skin and keep it young-looking.

Use Squalite Astringent
FOR a helpful, astringent, astringent lotion, dissolve Squalite in one-half pint of water. Use daily. It is delightfully refreshing.

Phelacine Depilatory
TAKES off unwanted hair from face, neck, arms, legs. Try it to all drug and department stores.

Gifts for Everybody Big Ben and his Westclox family

Handsome . . Practical . . Exciting

\$1.25 to \$6.95

Look over this display of beautiful clocks and watches. Note the prices. See how easily Big Ben and his Westclox family solve not only what to give, but also how to give handsomely and yet keep within your budget!

Make a "one-stop" shopping trip in your nearest Westclox dealer—jewelry, drug, department or hardware store. You'll save yourself hours of time. Looking around? You'll come away with gifts that for beauty and usefulness would be hard to match at twice the price!

1 Big Ben Clock, \$1.25 to \$1.75. Also Big Ben Clock, \$1.75 to \$2.25. Big Ben Clock, \$2.25 to \$2.75. Big Ben Clock, \$2.75 to \$3.25. Big Ben Clock, \$3.25 to \$3.75. Big Ben Clock, \$3.75 to \$4.25. Big Ben Clock, \$4.25 to \$4.75. Big Ben Clock, \$4.75 to \$5.25. Big Ben Clock, \$5.25 to \$5.75. Big Ben Clock, \$5.75 to \$6.25. Big Ben Clock, \$6.25 to \$6.75. Big Ben Clock, \$6.75 to \$7.25. Big Ben Clock, \$7.25 to \$7.75. Big Ben Clock, \$7.75 to \$8.25. Big Ben Clock, \$8.25 to \$8.75. Big Ben Clock, \$8.75 to \$9.25. Big Ben Clock, \$9.25 to \$9.75. Big Ben Clock, \$9.75 to \$10.25. Big Ben Clock, \$10.25 to \$10.75. Big Ben Clock, \$10.75 to \$11.25. Big Ben Clock, \$11.25 to \$11.75. Big Ben Clock, \$11.75 to \$12.25. Big Ben Clock, \$12.25 to \$12.75. Big Ben Clock, \$12.75 to \$13.25. Big Ben Clock, \$13.25 to \$13.75. Big Ben Clock, \$13.75 to \$14.25. Big Ben Clock, \$14.25 to \$14.75. Big Ben Clock, \$14.75 to \$15.25. Big Ben Clock, \$15.25 to \$15.75. 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Why did Ford build TWO new cars for 1938?



THE DE LUXE

85 HORSEPOWER



THE STANDARD

60 OR 85 HORSEPOWER



It's a natural question. And there's a logical answer—to meet a definite, growing demand for just such a car as the new De Luxe Ford V-8 for 1938.

The De Luxe was designed for those who like the basic Ford features but want a little more size and style. It brings both size and style at low Ford prices.

THE DE LUXE—THE STANDARD

The De Luxe is an addition to the Ford line. It looks big and is. It is spacious, with richer appointments. Sedans have a larger luggage space. And under the hood is the 35-horsepower V-8 engine.

The new Standard Ford is in many ways a better car than the 1937 Ford V-8—which was bought by more people than any other 1937 make of car. It is newly styled, inside and out. It is even lower priced than the De Luxe, but built on the same dependable 112-inch wheel-base chassis—to the same high standard of mechanical excellence. And it offers again a choice of 35-horsepower or 60-horsepower V-8 engines.

LOW PRICE—HIGH PLEASURE

V-type 3-cylinder engines were used only in expensive cars before Ford found a way to produce them efficiently at a low price. Since

then, four million Ford owners have proved on the road that enjoyment and economy can be built into the same 3 cylinders by good design. The thrifty "60" engine, especially, brings 3-cylinder pleasure right down to the base of the low-price field—in first cost and operating cost. Hundreds of owners have been reporting 22 to 27 miles per gallon of gas.

With two designs, two engines, and two price ranges, it's easier than ever, this year, to pick a Ford car that closely fits your personal preferences. Whichever one you choose, whatever price you pay, you'll get the service and value for which the Ford name stands. . . . There's a Ford dealer near you.

QUICK FACTS ON THE NEW FORD

DE LUXE FORD V-8 . . . 112-inch wheelbase . . . 35-horsepower engine . . . Improved Easy-Action Safety Brakes . . . Center-Pulse Ride . . . All-steel body . . . Mohair or Broadcloth upholstery . . . Walnut-finished trim . . . Two horns, tail lights, sun visors, scindshield wipers . . . Glove compartment lock . . . Clock . . . Cigar lighter . . . Fast control for headlight beams, with indicator on instrument panel . . . Chrome wheel bands . . . 3 body types . . . 6 colors.

STANDARD FORD V-8 . . . 112-inch wheelbase . . . 35 or 60 horsepower engine . . . Improved Easy-Action Safety Brakes . . . Center-Pulse Ride . . . All-steel body . . . Broadcloth or Mohair upholstery . . . Mohair extra in "60" . . . Mahogany-finished trim . . . One tail light, sun visor, wind-shield wiper . . . Tie-in horn . . . Cigar lighter . . . Fast control for headlight beams, with indicator on instrument panel . . . 3 body types . . . 3 colors.